

The Hartford Republican

Fine Job Work.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

Subscription \$1 per Year

VOL. XXX.

HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1917.

No. 18

ANOTHER SUIT BY DEMOCRATS

SUPPORT TO FORCE COUNTY
CLERK TO PUT NAME ON
BALLOT.

SUIT FILED YESTERDAY

Candidate Did Not File With County
Clerk; Judge Rhea Appealed to
For Hearing.

The last will of the Democratic managers who did not know that a law enacted in 1892, and in continuous operation since, made it mandatory upon the part of a candidate to file with the County Clerk his certificate of nomination in order to have his name placed on the official ballot, is echoed in another suit filed yesterday by attorneys Glenn and Likens to compel the clerk to place upon the ballot the name of H. G. Daniel, a Democratic candidate for constable in the Sulphur Springs magisterial district. They had filed a similar suit on behalf of the county candidates before Judge Slack, who had promptly dismissed the action. Taking advantage of the fact that Judge Slack was temporarily out of the district they filed this suit before Judge John S. Rhea, of the Russellville district. Rhea has been a very active partisan in the Democratic ranks. At best it is an amusing spectacle to watch the frantic antics of these disappointed attorneys chasing around from pillar to post in an effort to find some friendly court that will repair their "unfortunate oversight."

At the hour of going to press the case had not been called before Judge Rhea, but what ever action he may take the Court of Appeals decisions stand like a stone wall against any trigger work, and the election will proceed on the same old day and in the same old way, and there will not be any Democrats for county offices on the ballot at the election Tuesday.

QUOTAS OF TEN STATES TO REPORT NOVEMBER 2

Washington, Oct. 30.—Ten States have been directed by Provost Marshal General Crowder to send the remainder of their quotas for the National Army to the cantonments on November 2. It was disclosed to-night that the orders were issued last week, and that the drafted men are now preparing to move. The States are Pennsylvania, Maryland, Washington, Idaho, California, Oregon, Wyoming, Utah, Nevada and Montana.

All but about 30 per cent of the quotas of these States for the first draft already are in training. It is expected that every man called out in all sections of the country will be in camp before the end of November.

PROMOTIONS FOR OHIO COUNTY DRAFTED MEN

A recent issue of the Louisville Times contained the names of Foy B. Hinton and Carl Sapp, who have been appointed Sergeants in Co. K, 336th Inf., at Camp Zachary Taylor.

John D. Ham, of Co. K, 336th Inf., has been placed in the physical culture section and Earl Felix Miller, of the same company, in the automatic arms section of the army school.

SWIFT'S SON-IN-LAW ARRESTED IN CHICAGO

Chicago, Ill., October 28.—Count James Minotto, son-in-law of Louis F. Swift, multimillionaire president of Swift & Co., has been arrested by federal authorities for alleged pro-German activity.

The count, who was married to Ida May Swift less than two years ago, faces deportation by the United States Government as an undesirable alien. He is at present at liberty in Chicago under a \$50,000 bond signed by Swift.

According to one report, Count Minotto was born in Venice; according to another report, in Berlin.

A definite decision in his case is expected within the next week or ten days. If he is ordered deported,

it is probable he will be interned until the war ends, or will be released under heavy bonds.

The deportation warrant, under which the nobleman was arrested, contains the technical charges that when he entered the United States he was liable to become a public charge, and that he is of a character likely to "foment trouble" here.

Back of the warrant, government officials state, is a mass of evidence gathered by the Department of Justice in Chicago and New York indicating the count is pro-German, and through his social and financial connections has attempted to aid the German Empire "at divers times and divers places."

The entire case has been marked by the closest secrecy. Even some of the members of the Swift family have been kept in ignorance of the count's arrest.

ILLINOIS GAME WARDEN GETS HIS FRIENDS FINED

Dixon, Ill., October 28.—State Game Warden J. L. McDowell, recently appointed, went hunting yesterday with three of his former schoolmates, Claude Fruen, of Oregon; R. E. Stage, manager of the Rock River Telephone Company at Oregon, and George McLaren, water system superintendent on Gov. Lowden's farm at Oregon.

McDowell's friends did not know he was a game warden. However, they discovered it after killing six rabbits; their erstwhile chum haled them before Judge Ray, who fined them each \$50 for hunting on the farm, which is a game preserve. Figuring it out, they estimate the rabbits cost them \$26.50 apiece.

BLANKENSHIP'S DUTY.

In a frantic effort to escape a storm of righteous indignation raised in the rank and file of their party by their failure to see that the names of their candidates went on the official ballot some of the Democratic leaders are unfairly attempting to shift the responsibility for their stupid oversight upon County Court Clerk, Claude Blankenship. Blankenship was at all times ready and willing to perform any duty demanded of him by virtue of his office, and neither did nor refused to do anything that was legal and honorable. The Democratic candidates did not offer to file, nor did anybody offer to file for them their certificates of nomination, and the clerk's duty in such cases is clearly defined in a decision of the Court of Appeals as follows:

"Kentucky Statute Sec. 1456, requiring certificates and petitions of nominations to be filed with the Clerk of the County not more than 60 days and not less than 15 days before election is mandatory, and THE CLERK HAS NO RIGHT TO PLACE THE NAME OF THE CANDIDATE UPON THE BALLOT, THE CERTIFICATE OF WHICH HAS BEEN FILED WITHIN 15 DAYS OF THE DATE OF ELECTION."—(Case of Brody vs. Hogk from Breckenridge county.)

ELIJAH T. WILLIAMS ANSWERS REAPERS CALL

Elijah Thomas Williams died at his home here Monday, at 9:30 p. m.

Mr. Williams had been afflicted for some time past with nephritis and some two weeks previous to his death his condition grew much worse.

Deceased was born near Goshen on the Williams, old homestead, where his fore-fathers were born and reared.

Mr. Williams had passed the three score and ten mark, being in his 77th year, having been born January 24th, 1841. He had been a member of the Baptist church since 1863 and was a member of the local church at time of his death.

On October 11th, 1916, Mr. Williams was married to Miss Sadie E. Hendricks, who with C. M. Williams, a brother, survive.

Funeral services were conducted at the Baptist church, after which the remains were buried in Oakwood cemetery, at 2 o'clock p. m., Tuesday.

DELEWARE GOVERNOR HURT; WIFE KILLED IN ACCIDENT

Philadelphia, Pa., October 28.—The wife of Gov. John G. Townsend, Jr., of Delaware, was killed and the governor himself severely injured in an automobile accident today.



A great many statements have been made concerning me in regard to my refusal to have the names of the Democratic candidates placed on the official ballot. I deem it my duty to make a statement concerning this matter.

During my term of office I have endeavored to discharge my duties according to law and do not believe that any fair-minded person would desire that I, as an official, certify under oath to a fact that did not exist.

The election law provides among other things that:

"Certificates of nomination shall immediately issue to the persons receiving the greatest number of votes for the office for which they were candidates and said certificate shall in not less than fifteen days next before the day on which the general November election is held, be filed with the county clerk."

The Court of Appeals in construing this provision of the statute has held in numerous cases that it is mandatory and the clerk has no power or authority to place the name of any candidate on the official ballot unless the candidate has filed his certificate of nomination in the clerk's office fifteen days before the election.

Neither of the Democratic candidates have filed or offered to file in my office their certificate of nomination fifteen days before the election or at any other time. The contention made, is, that I ought to have certified that the certificates were on file in my office when in truth and in fact they were not. This I could not do. It would have been a violation of law for me to make such a statement. I had no objection then and have none now to putting their names on the ballot, if I have a legal right to do so. Some clerks in the various counties of the State have placed the names of candidates on the ballot in violation of this statute, and because they have violated the law, some think that I should have done so, but I do not believe that I should violate the law because some one else has.

I have acted in good faith and did what I believed was my duty under the law. Anyone who will take the time to examine the Statutes and opinions of the court construing them, will see that I have not acted arbitrarily, but have only followed the law and discharged my duty as an honest official, and if the Democratic candidates fail to get their names upon the official ballot it is no fault of mine, but is only through their own neglect in failing to comply with the plain mandatory provision of the statutes.

I only ask at the hands of the people of this county a fair and impartial investigation of this entire matter and if this is done, I feel sure that you will find I have discharged my duty faithfully and honestly.

Yours very respectfully,

W. C. BLANKENSHIP.

U. S. LEGATION EMPLOYEE AT BERNE ROUTS GERMAN

Berne, October 28.—John Moran of Chicago, confidential clerk in the American legation, was attacked Wednesday evening by an unidentified, German-speaking man who struck him with a loaded umbrella handle. Moran's assailant was unaware that he was attacking a former lightweight boxer and when Moran promptly delivered a counter attack the surprised man fled. It is thought Moran may have been mistaken for a member of the legation who formerly was stationed in Germany and who recently received a warning that certain Germans had designs against him.

REPUBLICANS BEWARE!

OUR DEMOCRATIC FRIENDS ARE IN DESPERATION OVER THEIR OWN FOLLY IN FAILING TO GET ON THE BALLOT AND MAY TURN, AS A LAST RESORT, TO THE SUPPORT OF THE SOCIALIST TICKET. REPUBLICANS BEWARE OF ANY POSSIBLE SCHEME THEY MAY ADAPT AND GO TO THE POLLS IN FULL PHALANX TUESDAY AND POLL THE FULL PARTY VOTE. TAKE NO CHANCES.

October was the coldest mid-October month within a century.

CHILDREN SENT TO ORPHANS HOME

Mrs. S. O. Keown went to Louisville Monday with three small children, of Echols, and placed them in the Kentucky's Orphan Home.

The children were found in a destitute condition and brought here before Judge Wilson, who ordered them sent to the institution mentioned.

Several months ago the father of the children, Jesse Cook accidentally killed his wife, the mother of the children, since which time the little girls, who are three, five and eight years old have, it is alleged, been neglected by the father who is now in jail, charged with non-support of them.

KANSAS CITY HOTELS SET WHEATLESS DAY A WEEK

Kansas City, Mo., October 28.—"Wheatless Day," when corn bread and muffins will be served at Kansas City's hotels, has been set for Wednesday of each week, according to an announcement made Friday by Wallace N. Robinson, a representative of the federal food administration. "Wheatless Day" follows the setting aside of Tuesday of each week as "Meatless Day" by the hotels some weeks ago.

"Postoffice Surplus."

To the Editor of The Post-Standard: Your Washington dispatch saying that there is a surplus in the postal

revenues of \$9,000,000, as against \$6,000,000 last year is misleading. The Postoffice Department pays nothing for the nearly \$200,000,000 worth of public buildings which it occupies; it pays not a cent for the salary of the postmaster-general and all his staff, including the auditor of the postoffice and his staff, several thousand officials, whose aggregate salaries amount to more than \$3,000,000 annually.

F. G. R. GORDON.

Utica, October 27.

SOLDIER GIVEN FIVE YEARS FOR STRIKING OFFICER

Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 30.—Private Roy B. Roach, of Company B, 2d Infantry, Alabama National Guard, recently was sentenced to five years in the Federal prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., by a military court-martial for striking Lieut. Cowan, of his company. This was revealed to-day by habeas corpus proceedings brought in Federal Court here in an effort to have Roach released from military jurisdiction. Judge Clayton denied the writ.

Roach struck his superior in Birmingham while on furlough.

LIBERTY BOND "SLACKERS" BOUND OVER FOR HEARING

Fairmount, Minn., October 28.—Chas. Alp, farmer, was taken into custody yesterday after Liberty Loan solicitors told officials he had ordered them off his farm, declaring the United States had got itself into the war and could now get out without his help. He was released for a hearing next week. F. S. Schwalen, banker, accused of hindering the sale of Liberty bonds and who later bought some for himself and his bank, was held in \$1,000 bond for grand jury action.

Settled in Court.

The Democrat candidates, through their attorneys, Ringo, Glenn and Likens, filed suit before Judge Slack, at Owensboro, Thursday of last week seeking to compel County Clerk Blankenship to place the names of the Democratic ticket on the ballot. But after hearing evidence of both parties to the controversy Judge Slack ruled that according to repeated decisions of the Court of Appeals the candidates, by failing to file their certificates of nomination within the time prescribed by law, had forfeited their right to go upon the ballot, sustaining the contention of Blankenship. The Democratic attorneys went immediately to the Court of Appeals with the case but that Court held that it had no jurisdiction to hear the case, leaving the decision of Judge Slack as the rule of action for the County Clerk, and the names of the Democratic county ticket will not appear on the ballot at the election Tuesday.

Dies in Sante Fe.

Mrs. P. J. Holderman died a few days ago in Sante Fe, New Mexico, and her remains were brought to Hartford and interred in Oakwood cemetery Wednesday.

Mrs. Holderman was suffering from tuberculosis and with her husband and mother went to Sante Fe some time ago with the hope of the climate improving her health, but grew steadily worse until her death. Mrs. Holderman was in Hartford only three weeks ago to attend the burial of her mother who had died in Sante Fe of accidental poisoning. Mrs. Holderman was a grand-daughter of Mr. Jake Westerfield, of Dundee.

MAN WHO GAVE SOLDIER DRINK HELD FOR HIS DEATH

Charlotte, N. C., October 28.—As the result of the death of Corp. Carl Manenke of Portland, Ore., attached to the National Guard division at Camp Greene, Cris Miller, superintendent of a rubber factory at Winston-Salem, N. C., Friday was held for action of the Federal Court of charges of having given Menenke whiskey which caused his death Tuesday night.

Government agents said Manenke was a visitor at Miller's home when he drank the liquor.

CONSERVATION IN THE SMART SET

Miss Binkley—"And so you prefer motoring to riding!"

Mrs. Blankley—"Oh, ever so much. We ran over a silly old woman yesterday, and do you know I wasn't a bit nervous."

ITALIAN ARMY IS IN RETREAT

HUNDREDS OF SQUARE MILES
OF TERRITORY OVERRUN BY
TEUTONS.

ALLIES RUSH TO AID

German And Austro-Hungarian
Armies Capture 120,000 Men and
Over 1,000 Guns.

Virtually one thousand square miles of Italian territory have been overrun, more than 120,000 Italians have been made prisoner and in excess of 1,000 guns have been captured by the German and Austro-Hungarian armies in their eight days' drive from the Isonzo and Carnic Alps fronts of the Austro-Italian war theater.

From the east the enemy invasion on the center of the battlefield now is well within gun range of the Tagliamento River, where it has been presumed that Gen. Cadorna would turn and make a stand. The Italian Commander-in-Chief, however, has not yet brought his troops about to face the enemy, but is continuing his retreat with the rear guards harassing the advance. Just where Cadorna purposes to give battle has not become apparent. Neither is it known how well the northern and southern flanks of his army are keeping pace with the retirement in the center.

According to the latest Berlin official communication announcing the heavy losses to the Italians in men and guns, engagements successful for the enemy have taken place on the Tagliamento plain, while the Rome communication announces that there has been fighting on the hills of St. Daniele del Friuli, along the Ledra Canal at Pasion Schiavonesco and at Pozzuolo del Friuli, northwest of Udine and from four to five miles east of the Tagliamento.

On the other battlefronts no big operation have taken place. The Germans Wednesday made no attempt to force the Canadians from their positions captured the previous day in the region of Passchendaele. Along the Chemin-des-Dames and in the Verdun sector intensive bombardments continue.

Still another mutiny among the Germans is reported. This time it was among the troops in Belgium, who are declared to have refused to go to the front, and even to have fired on their officers, several of whom were wounded.

The Jail Empty.

It is a rather unusual occurrence for the Ohio county jail to be empty, but it happens to be so just now. After taking a look over the old decrepit we are really glad it is empty, for it is scarcely a fit home even for a criminal. We are not criticizing the jailer, as Mr. Mickiff is doing the best he can with the equipment the county provides for him, but fault lies with the county for not providing a decent and modern prison. The building is fair enough but the Fiscal Court should tear out the rust-worm interior and refurnish it throughout.

ALLEGED ARMY DESERTER KILLS VILLAGE MARSHAL

Prescott, Wis., October 28.—Crazed by liquor and fearing detection as a deserter, Private W. Mozet, 24, said to be a member of Company L, Thirty-sixth United States Infantry, shot and killed C. Garland, village marshal here, Wednesday night. He then turned his military automatic pistol upon himself, but inflicted only a slight wound, the bullet tearing through his chin. Mozet was arrested and taken to the county jail at Ellsworth.

He Should Worry.

Michael Dugan, a plumber, was sent by his employer to the High-tower mansion to repair a gas leak in the drawing-room. When the butler admitted him he said to Dugan: You are requested to be careful of the floors. They have just been polished.

"They's no danger iv me slippin' on thim," replied Dugan. "I hav spikes in me shoes."

MACHINE GUNNER'S DREAM COMES TRUE

TEARS GO UP AGAINST VICKERS
MELT LIKE ICE UNDER HOT
WATER.

Paris, Oct. 10 (by mail to New York).—"A machine gunner's dream comes true," is the way Private Boucher, formerly of Pierre, South Dakota, and now of Machine Gun Section No. 15, Third Brigade, Canadian Expeditionary Forces, described a recent German counter-attack south of Lens.

"Yes, that's the only way I can describe it; it was a machine gunner's paradise," said Boucher, in describing the affair to several American soldiers in a certain bar in Paris, for Boucher was on leave in the French capital, enjoying the first furlough in eighteen months, too.

"Our section numbers fifteen Vickers machine guns, none of your little light Lewis guns, but every one a Vickers, as steady as a house and heavy enough to keep on firing forever unless they are knocked out with a direct hit.

In Front Line.

"We were posted right up in our front line—our fifteen Vickers were spreading out in shell holes and craters half full of water and once in a while we could be using a bit of old Hun trench. The ground sloped away before us, down to another set of shell holes that Fritz was lying in.

"Fritz has been fighting mighty hard around Lens because he knows how valuable that mining town and railroad center is and how much good it's going to do us when we get there. Old Kaiser Bill has thrown away a lot of good soldiers around Lens, but we have suffered pretty heavily, too.

"Well, the other morning just before daybreak, the Huns began tossing over some 5-point 5 H. E. (which means high explosive shells of five and nine-tenth inches calibre.) After about fifteen minutes of that he slapped on a barrage behind us and the next thing we saw, just as the dawn was breaking, was the old Hun coming down toward us for a big counter attack. He was 1,700 yards off when he first came in sight and was marching like on parade—in a column of fours, that kept pouring out of a communication trench and into a semi-sunken road—it seemed as tho that column had no end. They were all marching goose-step and thru our glasses we could see the different detachments carrying flame projectors and all the rest of the contraptions they like to use in big attack.

Prepared For Rush.

"I guess they didn't know how near our machine guns were to them or else they thought that their preliminary artillery preparation had knocked out most of our guns. Because we held our fire and never set off a round and that column deployed down the road until it got within 1,100 yards of us. Then the men began to form into little groups of from fifteen to twenty-five in a bunch and to spread out along the front getting ready to make a rush for us.

"There must have been a couple of thousand of them, and all the while the column kept streaming out of the trench, four abreast, 600 yards farther back, and they kept goose-stepping forward. Finally, when the first bunch had grouped themselves in the little knots of fifteen or twenty in each, they began to come toward us.

"Five of our fifteen machine guns had direct action on Fritz, and two of the other guns could be maneuvered into position to get him when he started to run. Because we knew well enough he'd have to run. It sure was a machine gunner's dream come true, that layout.

"We waited a couple of minutes more, until the heaviest bunches of Germans were within less than eight hundred yards of us, and then our five old Vickers began to rattle. We didn't dare let them come any nearer, there were too many of them, and as you can never tell when a machine gun, even a Vickers, is going to jam on you, and if you have let the Hun get too near before starting in, he may swamp you before you can get the gun shooting again.

Mowed Down Huns.

"We opened on him at less than eight hundred yards range with these five machine guns, and what we did to those little bunches of Huns was a shame. If you have ever sprayed a stream of hot water on a cake of ice and seen the way it cuts it off, you know how we mowed down those Huns.

"That's just exactly the way we broke up those little groups of Fritzies who were coming toward us. My old gun began spitting lead into one group and just as our stream turned on them—they were all jam-

med together in a compact little bunch, you understand—they all went knocking around sky high, like when you make a strike, bowling. Some went straight down, of course, and some seemed to go up in the air and come sideways. We drilled about three hundred rounds of bullets into that group and then we swung over onto another. Five or six Fritzies in the bunch we had peppered jumped up and began to crawl back, but our rifle fire was too good for most of them, and they fell down where they were and lay quiet.

"It was the greatest sight you have ever seen, to see our five Vickers, traveling along the line, picking up the groups of Germans that had advanced the nearest and running on them and knocking them sky high. Each one of the machine guns broke up about five of the groups and then the supporting waves broke, too, and all the Germans started tearing back to the communication trench, whence they had debouched as fast as they could.

Pay For Advance.

"Our boys got in some great work with the rifles then, because they can outrange a machine gun, and one of the Vickers had been worked forward, a little to catch the Germans going back. We sure made them pay for that advance. I'll bet we got 500 of them easy and probably more because we had signaled back for our batteries in the rear to shell the communication trench that they had to retreat by, and we saw the big shells bursting there and tearing up whole segments of it.

"No, we didn't feel squeamish about letting them have it. Not a bit of it. We've all been thru the same thing ourselves and never found a Hun machine gunner feel sorry for us with his fire. When you're firing at them from half a mile like that you seem to forget that they are men at all, they seem like rabbits or something that you are firing at.

"Well, sir, we didn't lose a single man in that engagement and put out at least 500 Fritzies. As I say, it was a machine gunner's paradise, like what we dream about, and it was the finest layout I ever ran up against."

An Old Man's Stomach.

As we grow older and less active, less and less food is required to meet the demands of our bodies. If too much is habitually taken, the stomach will rebel. When a man reaches the advanced age of 35 or 40, you will find that he is a light eater. Be as careful as you will, however, you will occasionally eat more than you should and will feel the need of Chamberlain's Tablets to correct the disorder. These tablets do not contain poison, but strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. They also cause a gentle movement of the bowels.

DESCENDANTS OF HANCOCK ENLIST FOR SERVICE

San Bernardino, Cal., Oct. 27.—Five great-great-grandchildren of John Hancock, signer of the Declaration of Independence, have joined Uncle Sam's army service from this city. The men are brothers, the fifth to join being Dr. E. A. Hancock, who has received a commission as First Lieutenant in the dental section. The others are Bradford Hancock, Walter Clyde Hancock, Leslie Hancock and Alvin J. Hancock.

There are several cousins of the five brothers, also Hancocks and descendants of John Hancock, in the selective draft contingents from San Bernardino. The Hancock family helped to build San Bernardino in the fifties.

Clear Away The Waste.

Bowel regularity is the secret of good health, bright eyes, clear complexion, and Dr. King's New Life Pills are a mild and gentle laxative that regulates the bowels and relieves the congested intestines by removing the accumulated wastes without griping. Take a pill before retiring and that heavy head, that dull spring fever feeling disappears. Get Dr. King's New Life Pills at your druggist, 25c.

Furnishing a Substitute.

Bessie had a new dime to invest in ice cream soda.

"Why don't you put your dime to missions?" said the minister, who was calling.

"I thought about that," said Bessie, "but I think I'll buy the ice cream and let the druggist give it to the missions."—Christian Herald.

For Your Child's Cough.

Here's a pleasant cough syrup that every child likes to take, Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. If your child has a deep hacking cough that worries you give him Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey, the soothing pine balsams relieve the cough, loosen the phlegm and heal the irritated tissues. Get a bottle to-day at your druggist and start treatment at once. 25c.

STARVATION NEAR FOR RUMANIANS

HUNGER STALKS ABROAD;
DEATH RATE HIGH AMONGST
THE CHILDREN.

Jassy, Rumania, Oct. 19.—(Via Petrograd Oct. 27.)—Rumania is in danger of starvation and destitution unless urgent steps are taken to relieve the food and clothing situation. Investigation by the Associated Press correspondence indicates that help must come soon if the country is to retain its strategical importance in the war. The Rumanian army has been fighting with admirable courage and spirit, altho its supplies of provisions and wearing apparel have been on a limited scale.

The death rate among Rumanian children, due to malnutrition is appalling, largely because of the serious shortage in wheat, rice, meat and other vital articles of food. Meat is no longer issued to the civilian population and the bread ration is limited to less than a pound a day for each person. Among the peasantry, which comprises some eighty per cent of the population the suffering is particularly acute. Their already slender allowance of cornmeal, which forms almost their sole subsistence, has been reduced and they are now without the simple ration of cheese which formerly was a valuable adjunct in balancing the meager diet.

Dairy Products Negligible.

The supply of dairy products is negligible. The government has sufficient corn to feed the peasants until February, but there are virtually no shoes, clothing or blankets to be had. The hospitals are without food suitable to the sick and there is a serious lack of essential drugs, medicines and instruments. In some cases the patients are so poorly nourished that they can not withstand the simplest operations.

In the villages, it is estimated, there are more than 25,000 orphans without adequate food or clothing. Queen Marie is actively interested herself in their welfare. There is dire need of shoes, stockings and warm clothing of various kinds. Common burials are wrapped about the feet and there are other crude improvisations to replace shoes, and it is impossible to get the leather for the moccasins worn by the peasants. The government also is finding it difficult to supply the army with footwear. The correspondent was offered \$40 for the shoes he was wearing. Rumania is looking hopefully to America to supply her needs.

The government is confronted with the problem of feeding during the current agricultural year a population of nearly 5,000,000 with resources of 100,000 tons of wheat and less than 250,000 head of cattle. The normal requirement is 600,000 tons of wheat. The authorities are hopeful that Russia may be induced to give Rumania the entire wheat product of Bessarabia. It is understood here that pressure to this end is being exerted by the allied governments. The consignment of this wheat to Rumania is considered the only way of saving the country from economic disaster.

Livestock Will Die.

Fears of thousands of horses and cattle must die this winter for lack of fodder since the supply was exhausted two months ago. When it is remembered that the army is largely dependent upon oxen for its transport, it may be seen how critical is the situation. It is estimated that if the whole number of cattle was slaughtered, hardly enough meat for six months would be supplied.

Typhoid, dysentery and jaundice are prevalent, and the government fears the recurrence of the typhus epidemic. The American Red Cross Commission is lending effective aid in providing medical facilities. In a short time, it will have two hospitals ready with a combined capacity of 6,000 beds.

The transport of supplies thru Russia at this time presents difficulties, but confidence is felt that as soon as the railroad commission completes the reorganization of the railway lines, the situation will improve materially.

DAMNS JUNKERS FOR STARTING WAR

Washington, Oct. 27.—An article entitled "Peace? A New Humbug," written by a German and circulated in Germany by German republicans working from Switzerland for the overthrow of the Hohenzollerns and the establishment of a republic, was made public here today by the Committee on Public Information, with an English translation. The writer attacks the junkers and pan-Germans for instigating the war, and declares that the war lords, having worn out their tales of victories won, now have turned to the face of peace

to instill patience into a starving and war-weary people.

The farce, he says, is presented in accordance with all the rules of dramatic art, on this program.

"Act 1—The Central Powers make peace proposals based upon and unacceptable by reason of territorial enlargement, annexation, both open and disguised, a colossal strengthening of Germany as a military power.

"Act 2—The Allies, who will fight to secure a true and lasting peace based on mutual understanding and putting an end to military states, reject these peace proposals—exactly as the German government foresees.

"Act 3 and curtain—The German people is informed thru the belligerent (field-gray) press that the wicked enemy will have absolutely nothing to do with peace, that they insist upon the complete annihilation of the German people; that therefore naught is left but to endure thru everything, to starve to the very end, to shed their blood to the last drop—until Junker and Captain of Industry have attained the object of their war, which is the robbery of other peoples, the enlargement of their power, both abroad and at home."

"Germany has torn out by the roots the sympathy of every thinking neutral," the writer says; "that sympathy can not be recovered by any such pathetic peace suggestion as this." He concludes with a warning of what will happen when the German people see thru these who have tricked them and expiated their longing for peace.

Mrs. P. O. Stuchell Tells How She Cured Her Son of a Cold.

"When my son Ellis was sick with a cold last winter I gave him Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It helped him at once and quickly broke up his cold," writes Mrs. P. O. Stuchell, Homer City, Pa. This remedy has been in use for many years. Its good qualities have been fully proven by many thousands of people. It is pleasant and safe to take.

Hog Breeders Organize.

Bowling Green, Oct. 27.—Farmers from all sections of the county were present at the Courthouse this afternoon and an organization was perfected for a Pure Bred Hog Breeders Association and a Bee Association. Drs. A. C. Burton and O. C. Cunningham, of the Western Kentucky State Normal School, will work out the details. Money enough without interest for one year has been secured to lend to fifty boys for the purpose of buying a thoroughbred pig.

Engaged.

"Mabel is at the beach. She writes me that she's engaged."

"No! Who's the man?"

"His first name is Frank. As soon as she finds out his other name she's going to write again."—San Francisco Chronicle.

ARMY WILL CO-OPERATE IN FOOD CONSERVATION

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 31.—That the food economy practiced by the housewives of Kentucky will not be in vain so far as the co-operation of the army is concerned is assured in a letter from the commander of Camp Zachary Taylor here made public today by F. M. Sackett, Federal Food Administrator for Kentucky. This letter shows that the army training camps are doing everything science can suggest to prevent waste in the feeding of hundreds of thousands of men. The letter follows:

Headquarters 84th Division,
Camp Zachary Taylor,
Kentucky,
October 29, 1917.

Mr. F. M. Sackett,
Food Administrator for Kentucky,
Speed Bldg.,
Louisville, Ky.

My dear Mr. Sackett:

Knowing of the vital concern of your office in the conservation and economic use of food, I am writing to say that I am quite encouraged in results obtained along this line at Camp Zachary Taylor.

When I first came here this matter was taken up and it was impressed upon subalterns to thoroughly instruct their cooks and dining-room help as to the necessity of preventing waste and as to the methods of securing this result. Since that time, in daily inspections of the camp, I have taken pains to inspect the garbage cans and assure myself, through this means and others, that the orders are being carried out.

From these inspections it is evident that we are succeeding in preventing waste at this camp, and I am writing to inform you that you may know at first hand the facts in the case.

Very sincerely yours,
(Signed) HARRY HALE,
Major General, N. A.

Mr. Sackett also reiterated today his denial of any intention on the

Ladies Coat Suits

Hub Clothing Co.

HARTFORD, KY.

LIVER DIDN'T ACT DIGESTION WAS BAD

Says 65 year Old Kentucky Lady, Who Tells How She Was Relieved
After a Few Doses of Black-Draught.

Mendonsville, Ky.—Mrs. Cynthia Higginbotham, of this town, says: "At my age, which is 65, the liver does not act so well as when young. A few years ago, my stomach was all out of fit. I was constipated, my liver difficult. My digestion was bad, and it took so little to upset me. My appetite was gone. I was very weak."

I decided I would give Black-Draught a thorough trial as I knew it was highly recommended for this trouble. I began taking it. I felt better after a few doses. My appetite improved and I became stronger. My bowels acted naturally and the least trouble was soon righted with a few

doses of Black-Draught." Seventy years of successful use has made Theodor's Black-Draught a standard, household remedy. Every member, of every family, at times, need the help that Black-Draught can give in cleansing the system and relieving the troubles that come from constipation, indigestion, lazy liver, etc. You cannot keep well unless your stomach, liver and bowels are in good working order. Keep them that way. Try Black-Draught. It acts promptly, gently and in a natural way. If you feel sluggish, take a dose tonight. You will feel fresh tomorrow. Price 25c. a package—One cent a dose. All druggists. 2. 62

The Beautiful Gulf Coast PASS CHRISTIAN

Pass Christian is the Newport of the Gulf Coast, and one of the most fashionable and popular resorts in the South. The town, of about 2,000 permanent population, is very generally engaged in entertaining and serving the large numbers who come here, summer and winter, for recreation. Society congregates at "The Pass" at all seasons—the summer guests coming from neighboring Southern cities—the winter throng from all parts of the North.

Pass Christian was named for a Spanish explorer who discovered the deep-water pass that lies close to the main shore. It is an old and much honored settlement, having been a popular resort from far back in antebellum days. Tradition associates it with the gayest of southern society and with men and women famous in high social circles of this and foreign lands; President Wilson is one of Pass Christian's recent notable guests. Its location is one of the choicest on the Coast. The low-lying shore slopes upward to wooded hills, where pines and splendid old oaks, magnolias, palmettos and a variety of tropic vegetation grow and flower and flourish luxuriantly, while fine old homes, elegant modern villas and charming bungalows line the avenues and drives along the shore. Life is ever active at The Pass; there is boating, motoring, golf, tennis and fishing by day and dancing and all other indoor festivities for the evening. Pass Christian boasts of one of the finest golf courses anywhere in the South.

Its proximity to New Orleans and excellent transportation service over the Louisville & Nashville Railroad places all the diversions of the metropolis within reach of visitors at Pass Christian, who make a day for shopping in New Orleans and return in time for dinner, which is one of the social functions at The Pass; or, remaining in the city for dinner, you can return at your pleasure later in the evening.

The hotels rank with the finest in the country, and there are many delightful old country homes, where good board and real southern hospitality are found. The inland country back of Pass Christian is beautiful, and many charming drives may be taken over the excellent roads, among fine, productive fruit and truck farms, which ship much of the early garden stuff that is so eagerly sought in northern markets. The fishing in St. Louis Bay and the tributary streams is excellent, many anglers finding their best sport in the little rivers and streams of the immediate interior.

Across the bay from Pass Christian is the somewhat exclusive cottage resort of Bay St. Louis, a place much frequented by residents of New Orleans, who own cottages and bungalows and come here for the water sports and the fishing. It is also popular in winter with many northern people who prefer the quiet of cottage life, with the accompanying freedom for outdoor sports, to the gayer and more fashionable routine of the larger neighboring resorts.

Pass Christian and Bay St. Louis are reached only by the modern steel passenger trains of the

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD

part of the government to restrict or confiscate supplies of canned goods in the hands of the citizens. He issued the following statement: "There is absolutely no truth in the story that is being given circulation, by persons unfriendly to their country's cause, that signers of the Food Conservation Pledge Cards this week are in danger of having part of

their canned goods confiscated by the Government. This rumor has been repeatedly denied by the Food Administration, but apparently it persists. It is pro-German propaganda, and persons circulating it are giving aid and comfort to the cause of America's enemies.

"F. M. SACKETT,
Federal Food Admr., Kentucky."

KENTUCKY SHORT ON ARMY'S QUOTA

MONTANA HOLDS RECORD WHEN
THREE TIMES REQUIRED
NUMBER ENLIST.

Washington, Oct. 27.—According to a report given out by the War Department showing the progress of recruiting for the regular army the State of Kentucky has not yet raised the quota assigned to it when the regular army volunteered enlistment campaign started on April 1.

The result of the recruiting campaign in Kentucky are succinctly stated as follows:

Quota assigned on April 1—4,578.
Total recruits to date—4,237.

Montana Makes Record.

A few States have made wonderful records in recruiting. In Montana, for instance, the voluntary enlistments to date are far in excess of three times the quota of that State and the Montanans are still enlisting at a marvelous rate.

Twenty-eight States have exceeded their quotas, while twenty States and the District of Columbia have not yet attained the goal set for them by the War Department.

It is observed that most of the States which have not yet reached their goal are in the South and in New England, Florida and Georgia being among the exceptions.

States Recruit Quota.

The States that have recruited more than their quotas are as follows:

Colorado, California, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Utah, Washington, Wyoming, Iowa and Kansas. Total 28.

Those that are still behind their quotas are:

Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, District of Columbia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Mississippi, New Hampshire, New Mexico, North Carolina, North Dakota, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin. Total 20.—Louisville Herald.

Muscle Soreness Relieved.

Unusual work, bending and lifting or strenuous exercise is a strain on the muscles, they become sore and still, you are crippled and in pain. Sloan's Liniment brings you quick relief, easy to apply, it penetrates without rubbing and drives out the soreness. A clear liquid, cleaner than musky plasters or ointments, it does not stain the skin or clog the pores. Always have a bottle handy for the pains aches of rheumatism, gout, lumbago, grippe, bruises, stiffness, backache and all external pain. At your druggist, 25c.

One Possibility.

He—Nothing could ever come between us, could it dear?

She—I can't think of a single thing unless I should happen to become engaged to some other man before we get married.—Pearson's Weekly, London.

Only Dreaming.

Wife—I dreamed last night that I was in heaven.

Husband—Did you see me there?

Wife—I did; then I knew I was only dreaming.—Town Topics.

NERVOUSNESS AND BLUES

Symptoms of More Serious
Sickness.

Washington Park, Ill.—"I am the mother of four children and have suffered with female trouble, backache, nervous spells and the blues. My children's loud talking and romping would make me so nervous I could just tear everything to pieces and I would ache all over and feel so sick that I would not want anyone to talk to me at times. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills restored me to health and I want to thank you for the good they have done me. I have had quite a bit of trouble and worry but it does not affect my youthful looks. My friends say 'Why do you look so young and well?' I owe it all to the Lydia E. Pinkham remedies."

—Mrs. ROBT. STORIEL, Sage Avenue, Washington Park, Illinois.

If you have any symptom about which you would like to know write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free of charge.

OUTSIDE OF THAT HE'S ALL RIGHT



Philadelphia Press.

SUPPLIES MORE VITAL THAN MEN

GUARD TROOPS WILL NOT SAIL
FOR FRANCE IN NEAR
FUTURE.

Washington, Oct. 27.—The date of the departure of the Kentucky National Guard for France is farther away than at first expected.

America's allies across the ocean, while desiring man power, are even more in need of supplies than of soldiers and the whole character of the over-the-ocean movement is likely to be changed for a time until their wants are supplied.

Therefore it is proposed to halt the troop movement in order that the shipping that is available, which is far below what is desired at best, may be utilized in the transportation of supplies.

To Winter in Camps.

This means that the National Guardsmen of Kentucky and other States may be held in their camps in the United States all winter.

The call now from the Allies is for foodstuffs, rather than for men. The winter season coming on means there will be more or less of a stalemate along the fighting front and men can not do much in the way of accomplishing results until spring, while the addition of many more American soldiers would simply add to the burden of maintenance.

France Needs Supplies.

France wants food, coal, structural steel and other supplies from the United States, instead of men. Food, especially, is her primary demand. Italy wants food and coal chiefly. Italy practically is without coal. England, having her navies to keep the channels of commerce open, is not in as bad shape for food as her two principal allies but there are many supplies which the British army needs that America can furnish.

So there is every reason to believe that the troop movement will be abated for an indefinite time while supplies are rushed to the other side as fast as ships can be found to take them.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all Druggists, etc.

UNFAIR TREATMENT
OF REPUBLICANS

Representative Gillet, of Massachusetts, ranking Republican on the House Ways and Means Committee, very plainly summed up the situation which confronts a Republican member of either branch of Congress. He said: "A member of the minority just now is in a peculiar position. If he expresses the criticism he feels, and opposes a bill as objectionable, he is charged with being partisan and unpatriotic. And if, on the other hand, he acquiesces in the measures brought before us, then his very assent is held as proof of the merits of the bill."

of the infallibility of those who present them." That is exactly the way the administration has been treating Republicans right along. If Republicans strive to perfect a hastily drawn bill, they are "pro-German" and if they disregard their better judgment in order to hasten an administration measure, their votes are construed as testimonials to the wisdom of the administration.—Somerset Semi-Weekly News.

Don't Let Your Cough Hang On.

A cough that racks and weakens is dangerous, it undermines your health and thrives on neglect. Relieve it at once with Dr. King's New Discovery. This soothing balsam remedy heals the throat, loosens the phlegm, its antiseptic properties kill the germ and the cold is quickly broken up. Children and grown-ups alike find Dr. King's New Discovery pleasant to take as well as effective. Have a bottle handy in your medicine chest for croup, croup and all bronchial affections. At druggists, 50c.

Unexpected Luck.

A St. Louis merchant had made use of one of his young clerks in the stead of his regular collector, who was ill.

When the young man returned from his rounds he was rather down in the mouth.

"Have any luck?" asked the merchant.

"So-so," replied the young man listlessly.

"How about that Jones bill? I suppose you collected that. You said Mr. Jones was a friend of yours."

"Well, sir," said the clerk, "I don't know whether to rejoice or not at my success with Mr. Jones."

"Why not?"

"That depends. When I went in and said, 'Mr. Jones, I called to speak about a matter—' he interrupted me, before I could proceed further, with 'That's all right, my boy; she's yours; take her and be happy.'"

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

No Advance.

Neighbor—I understand that your son got his B. A. and his M. A.

Father—Yes, but it is still his P. A. that supports him.

A La Laundry.

A negro baptist was exhorting. "Now, breddern and sistern, come up to de altar and have yo sins washed away."

All came but one man.

"Why, Brudder Jones, don't yo want your sins washed away?"

"I done had my sins washed away."

"Yo has? Where yo had yo sins washed away?"

"Ober at de Methodist Church."

"Ah, Brudder Jones, yo jes been dry cleaned."

Not Gonna Do Anything.

Lucinda was testing the devotion of Erasmus.

"S'pose it is night and we are in a deep, black woods. There comes a bo'er constrictor a-wriggling thru the grass; an' a wildcat a-bouncin' thru the bushes; an' a Hon rearin' an' waitin' for us a mile a minute. What are we a-gonna do?"

"There ain't gonna be no we."—Christian Register.

Children Cry

CIVIC BODIES AND PRESS FAVOR THE AMENDMENT

There is wide spread interest throughout the state in the constitutional amendment permitting the purchase of one telephone company by another, which was adopted by the last Legislature, and which will be voted upon at the coming November election. Chambers of Commerce and civic bodies in a large number of communities have adopted resolutions endorsing the amendment and pledging their efforts towards its passage. Newspapers throughout the state are also endorsing the amendment and are urging the importance of a favorable vote by the people.

The amendment to the constitution, which is made a part of Section 201, is as follows:

"Provided, however, that telephone companies may acquire by purchase or lease, or otherwise, and operate, parallel or competing exchanges, lines and structures, and the property of other telephone companies, if the railroad commission or such other state commission as may have jurisdiction over such matters shall first consent thereto, and if, further, each municipality wherein such property or any part thereof is located shall also first consent thereto as to the property within its limits, but under any such acquisition and operation toll line connections with the property so acquired shall be continued and maintained under an agreement between the purchasing company and the toll line companies then furnishing such service, and in the event they are unable to agree as to the terms of such an agreement the railroad commission or such other State commission as may have jurisdiction over such matters, shall fix the term of such agreement."

Chambers of Commerce which have passed resolutions favoring the amendment are those at Bowling Green, Frankfort, Lexington, Shelbyville, Henderson, Middlesboro, State Chamber of Commerce of Louisville, and others.

Quite a number of newspapers have endorsed the amendment editorially, both at points where there are two telephone systems and in cities where there is only one system.

The Anderson News, Lawrenceburg, Ky., says:

"Two telephone lines in any community, both contending for supremacy, are a perfect nuisance. Two telephones in a private residence are too expensive to maintain; two telephones in a business house are an expensive necessity; therefore the General Assembly has come to the rescue of the people if they will accept its assistance and go to the polls in November and cast their vote for this amendment."

The Danville, Ky., Messenger says:

"It is hoped that the people will remember and vote for this amendment, as it is the only way in which the public in some localities will ever have decent service."

The Interior Journal, Stanford, Ky., says:

"The Interior Journal favors the amendment and will vote for it. One system answers the demand and two are as annoying as they are useless. The demand is for good service, not for multiplicity of exchanges. Then, too, the expense of two systems must be considered. This is just double, and in some cases more than double. Oh! no, don't give us more telephone exchanges, but better service. This is the need of the hour. The amendment ought to carry."

The Bowling Green, Ky., Times-Journal says:

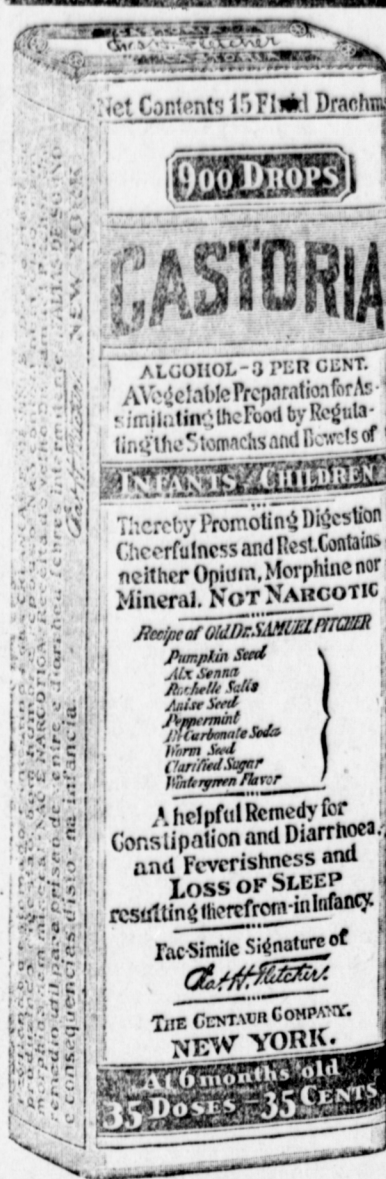
"We cannot too highly commend the Chamber of Commerce in its efforts to secure the adoption of this amendment by the voters. The Times-Journal is for the amendment, and will add its efforts to those of the Chamber of Commerce to bring about the adoption."

The Paducah, Ky., Sun says:

"The public interest is thoroughly protected under the proposed constitutional amendment, as no purchase can be made without the consent of the city council. The passage of the bill providing for the constitution amendment and the practically unanimous vote it received in the General Assembly is evidence that it was passed in response to a wide spread and popular demand for relief from present telephone conditions."

The Middlesboro, Ky., Three States says:

"Three States have for a number of years in the past been a constant agitator for the one telephone system, showing where the one system could better and more economically serve the public than two or more systems. The expense of two systems is burdensome upon the public and the botheration and confusion of having the walls of your place of business lined with telephones, where one could do the work is sufficient reason why the public should demand one system."



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That
Genuine Castoria

Always
Bears the
Signature
of

In
Use
For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA

Starck Pianos



No Money
in Advance
- Satisfaction
Guaranteed -
Lowest Net
Factory
Prices -
Easiest
Terms - A
Saving of
\$100 to
\$200 -
From Factory
Direct



30 DAYS' FREE TRIAL IN YOUR OWN HOME

We will ship you a beautiful Starck Piano for 30 days' free trial, in your home. No cash payment required. All we ask is that you will play upon, use and test this piano for 30 days. If, at the end of that time, you do not find it the highest grade, sweetest toned and finest piano in every way, that you have ever seen for the money, you are at perfect liberty to send it back, and we will, in that event, pay the freight both ways. If you like the piano, we will make good with you, or there is no sale.

Save \$150.00 or More

We ship direct to you from our factory, at prices that save you upwards of \$150.00 in the cost of your piano. We guarantee to furnish you a better piano for the money than you can secure elsewhere. You are assured of receiving a satisfactory sweet toned durable high grade piano.

25 Year Guarantee

Every Starck Piano is guaranteed for 25 years. This guarantee has back of it our 35 years of piano experience, and the reputation of an old-established, responsible piano house.

50 Free Music Lessons

To every purchaser of Starck Pianos, we give free music lessons, in one of the best known schools in Chicago. These lessons you can take in your own home, by mail. This represents one year's free instruction.

2nd-Hand Bargains

We have constantly on hand a large number of slightly used and second-hand pianos of all standard makes taken in exchange for new Starck Pianos and Player-Pianos. The following are a few sample bargains:

Weber \$110.00

Steinway 92.00

Chickering 80.00

Kimball 85.00

Starck 195.00

Send for our latest complete second-hand bargain list.

Starck Player-Pianos

Starck Player-Pianos are the best and most beautiful Player-Pianos on the market. You will be delighted with the many exclusive features of these wonderful instruments, and will be pleased with the very low prices at which they can be secured.

Piano Book Free

Send today for our new beautifully illustrated piano book which gives you a large amount of information regarding pianos. This book will interest and please you. Write today.

P. A. STARCK PIANO CO., 1343 Starck Bldg., CHICAGO

You Can Be Whatever You Want To Be

You can be a success, and a big success, if you have AMBITION, ENERGY, NERVE.

The road to success is easy—if you are properly prepared. A Business Education is the chief requisite for preparedness. The big men of today almost without exception are the men who prepared yesterday.

We prepare you for the position that are waiting for the prepared man or woman. School in session the entire year. Pupils may enter at any time and receive proper classification.

Owensboro Business & Industrial College

(Incorporated)

OWENSBORO, KY.

Hartford Republican.

Published Weekly by
HARTFORD PRINTING COMPANY
Incorporated
C. E. SMITH, W. S. TINSLEY,
President Sec. Treas.
JOHN HENRY THOMAS, Editor
W. S. TINSLEY, Associate Editor
and Business Manager.

Entered according to law at the Postoffice at Hartford, Ky., as mail matter of the second class.

Address all communications to
The Hartford Republican.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS
Subscribers desiring the paper sent to a new address must give the old address in making the request.
Business Letters and Notices 10c per line and 5c per line for each additional insertion.
Obituaries, Resolutions and Card of Thanks 5c line, money in advance.
Church Notices for services free, but other advertisements, 5c per line.
Anonymous communications will receive no attention.

TELEPHONES:
Cumberland 123
Farmers' Mutual 59

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 2



REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Representative—
L. L. EMBRY.
For County Judge—
MACK COOK.
For County Attorney—
A. D. KIRK.
For County Clerk—
W. C. BLANKENSHIP.
For Sheriff—
S. A. BRATCHER.
For Jailor—
WORTH TICHENOR.
For Assessor—
D. E. WARD.
For Superintendent of Schools—
E. S. HOWARD.
For County Surveyor—
C. S. MOXLEY.
For Coroner—
DR. A. B. RILEY.
For Justice of the Peace—
Hartford District—
ED. SHOWN.
Beaver Dam District—
SAM L. STEVENS.
Centertown District—
GEO. W. ROWE.
Rockport District—
Q. B. BROWN.
Bosine District—
W. C. DAUGHERTY.
Sulphur Springs District—
W. S. DEAN.
Fordsville District—
B. F. RICE.
Hartlett District—
B. C. RHOADS.

Law suits seems to be the Democrat's "long suit", election times.

Barksdale Hamlet—do you remember him—has bought the Adair County News.

Our Democratic friends have not yet filed a suit before the High Nabob of Timbucktoo.

Only a few years ago we were all berating the bloated bondholders and now Ohio county is alive with them.

Republican County Chairman, Ed Barrass, did not need the advice of an attorney to get his ticket on the ballot.

We cordially invite the Hartford Herald to quote verbatim the decision of the Court of Appeals in the Allen county case which it referred to this week.

The Socialist knew they had to file their certificates of nomination in order to get on the ballot, and they didn't have any lawyers at all to advise them.

The much heralded price fixing of coal by Food Commissioner Garfield has gone the pipe dream route, and the coal barons have free rein to again fleece the public.

Remember, American citizens, that our own dear boys are now under the death hail of German artillery, and that no sacrifice is too great for us to make to support them.

We should be glad to announce the date of the flag raising, if there is really going to be any raising, but we are unable to get any information in regard to it. The committee selected the flag sometime ago, and Sheriff Brown prepared the pole and

delivered it in front of the court house where it still lies a silent reproach to the patriotism of Ohio county. Such neglect is difficult to excuse.

Republican candidates in Ohio county have grown accustomed to being sued by their defeated opponent after the election but this is the first time they have had to incur the expense of a suit before the election.

The Hartford Herald boasts of the fairness of the Democratic clerk of Daviess county in placing the names of the Republican candidates on the ballot. But, neighbor, he "ess had to" for his own candidates were in the same boat.

"Is the office of County Clerk one of public trust or political snap?"—Hartford Herald. Since the Democrats run for it at the polls and then sue for it in the courts every four years it looks like they regard it as a political snap.

The Liberty Loan bond sale in Ohio county was an immediate success, and a large measure of the credit for it is due to bankers, J. H. Barnes, of Beaver Dam, and Rowan Holbrook, of Hartford, who pushed the matter to an immediate conclusion.

The election will soon be over and then let us all return to the practice of brotherly love and enter into a covenant of charity and general goodwill to men. Politics should never be allowed to interfere with the good relationship that should exist between friends, and let us hope no bitterness shall exist when the smoke of battle has cleared away.

Our "fair" neighbor's attention is respectfully called to decision of the Court of Appeals, appearing elsewhere in this issue, in which a Democratic Secretary of State refused to put a Republican candidate on the ballot, and the Republican's certificate of nomination was right there in the Secretary of State's office too. Verily, it makes much difference whose ox, etc.

Because we said last week that Judge Glenn was a lawyer of ability and that a certain Democratic lawyer was unskilled in election law the Herald thinks we are inconsistent. But neighbor, the unskilled lawyer referred to was not Judge Glenn. We had reference to the attorney who told candidate Bennett that he did not think he had to file his certificate of nomination.

For the future guidance of our Democratic friends we quote from a decision of the Court of Appeals in the case of Brody vs. Hook: "The appellant must suffer the consequences of the error of his legal representatives, who were the chairman and secretary of the nominating convention, who failed to notify appellee within the time limit of appellant's nomination as required by law."

Only one Democratic candidate will appear on the ballot at the election Tuesday, that of Chas. H. Morris for Attorney General. However, our Democratic friends who hope to run for office next time will have to vote for him, although he has no opposition, as the primary law required the candidate to take an oath that he has voted the Democratic ticket at the last election, as a qualification to go on the ballot.

"Our 'fair' friends, the Democrats, recently redistricted Ohio county with a view to capturing the Fiscal Court, but had luck followed the venture. First, the court held the trick could not work for four years yet; now another court has declared that the candidates for magistrates in the districts they had cannot go on the ballot. But, anyway, their redistricting scheme showed they meant to be 'fair.'"

On your ballot Tuesday you will find a constitutional amendment to be voted on, to allow competing telephone lines to merge, or one to purchase the other. The present law prohibiting such action on the part of telephone companies works an unnecessary hardship, especially on business offices by the necessity requiring them to keep two lines in their offices. Experience generally has proven the mistake of the constitutional requirement, and now that the people have an opportunity to correct it they should do so. The public generally approve the repeal and there will probably be very few votes against the amendment. Vote yes.

The Republican candidates, and the party generally regret that "an unfortunate oversight," as a Democratic attorney expressed it, prevented the Democratic ticket going on the ballot, but there was no legal remedy. Clerk Blankenship or Chairman Barrass could apply to correct it. The courts had determined that matter many times before. The Republican poll showed a majority for the

to have seen all the "Hosses" go to the post. But the primary law was of Democratic making and the decisions interpreting it were all made by a Democratic Court of Appeals, and our Democratic friends come with poor grace now to plead the baby act.

THE ALLEN COUNTY CASE.

The Hartford Herald says of the Allen county case heard in the Court of Appeals Tuesday: "However, on yesterday the Court of Appeals decided in a case from Allen county that the clerk had no right to withhold the name of a Democratic nominee from the ballot simply because the candidate did not himself file the certificate which the clerk issued to him."

This statement, whether made through misinformation or with the purpose to mislead, is absolutely without any foundation whatever in fact. We speak from positive information from an unimpeachable source in saying the Court of Appeals rendered no part of the decision quoted. That court simply sustained the injunction without any statement whatever of its reasons for doing so, as is its usual custom in passing on questions of petty litigation.

The facts in the Allen county case were, that the candidate swore that he did, in fact, file with the clerk his certificate within the time limit specified by law, and the clerk swore that he did not do so, leaving a question of doubt which it seems the court gave the candidate the benefit of. In the Ohio county case the Democratic candidates did not allege they filed or offered to file their certificates of nomination, but relied on the fact that they were not required by law to do so.

THE MIST CLEARED

The failure of the Democratic party in Ohio county to legally qualify their candidates to appear upon the official ballot at the approaching election, has created much confusion in the public mind in regard to the law governing such cases, and in order to remove all cause for misunderstanding in regard to it we reproduce an opinion of the Court of Appeals in the case of Dobbs vs. Crecelius, which is an exactly parallel case, and states the law so lucidly that one wonders that a lawyer would have ever gone into the courts with a similar case. The opinion was written by Judge Turner, a Democrat, and reads:

This is a motion made before me by the defendant, C. F. Crecelius, Secretary of State, to dissolve an injunction prohibiting him from certifying the name of W. C. Allen as Republican nominee in the Thirty-sixth Legislative District of this State composed of the counties of Clinton and Wayne.

In the primary election held on the 7th of August, 1915, S. C. Dobbs was nominated by the Democrats for Representative in that district and W. C. Allen by the Republicans, and they each received their certificates of nomination. On the 28th of September, 1915, Dobbs filed with the Secretary of State his certificate of nomination; on the 4th day of October, 1915, Allen filed with the same official his certificate of nomination.

This is an action by Dobbs against the Secretary of State and Allen seeking to enjoin the Secretary of State from certifying to the county clerks of Clinton and Wayne counties the name of W. C. Allen as the Republican for that office, and thereby authorizing the said county clerks to have his name printed on the official ballots to be used at the election on November 2nd, 1915.

Only two questions are presented, (1) did Allen file his certificate of nomination with the Secretary of State within the time prescribed by law? and, (2) is the statute requiring the same to be filed not less than thirty days next before the day of the election mandatory, or is it merely directory, and has the Secretary of State the right, after the expiration of the time prescribed by statute, to receive and file in his office a certificate of nomination?

The primary election law, Section 1550, Carroll's 1915 Edition, Kentucky Statutes, Sub-section 26, after fixing the day upon which the county election commissioners shall meet and canvass the returns, and after providing which returns shall be made to the county clerk, and which returns shall be made to the Secretary of State, then fixes the day upon which the State Board of Election Commissioners shall meet at the Capitol and canvass the state returns, and further provides:

"And after they have completed the tabulation and canvass of the returns of said primary nominating election they shall immediately certify to the same, and they shall issue to that candidate of each political party receiving the highest number of votes for the office for which he was a candidate, a certificate of nomination, which certificate shall, not less than thirty days next before the day on which the general November election is held, be filed in the office of the Secretary of State."

Manifestly the statute in question here requires the filing of the certificate thirty days before the day of the election, and not merely thirty days before the election. Counting the fourth day of October there were only twenty-nine days between that and the second of November, and it is therefore apparent that Allen's certificate of nomination was not filed in time.

The remaining question is whether the provision of the statute quoted is mandatory or only directory, and on this question there is little difficulty. In the case of Brody vs. Hook, 135 Ky., 87, a provision in the statute requiring that a candidate should file his certificate fifteen days before the election was held to be mandatory and that a candidate who had filed his certificate within fifteen days of the election had no right to have his name printed on the official ballot. A similar statute was held to be mandatory in Koiton vs. Center, 102 Ky., 119.

In giving the reason for declaring such a provision mandatory this court in the case of Brody vs. Hook, supra, said:

"We are of the opinion that the General Assembly enacted this mandatory provision requiring the certificates and petitions of nomination to be filed not less than fifteen days before the election, so as to give the clerk that much time to prepare and have the ballots printed and distributed among the polling places in the county before the day of the election, and without being annoyed by litigation by some one attempting to get some name on or off the ballots, and without being importuned by candidates and their friends for that purpose."

The same reasoning applies to the statute in this case; the Secretary of State is required twenty days before the election to certify to the county clerks of the 120 counties in the State the names of not only the nominees of all the parties for State offices, but to certify to them the names of the candidates for district offices in all districts larger than a county; and it is apparent that it was the legislative purpose to give to the Secretary of State the time intervening between the time certificates of nomination are required to be filed with him and the time he is required to certify the same to the various county clerks, in which to make accurate and correct certificates.

Naturally the court is reluctant to deprive one of the right to have his name printed upon the official ballot so that his fellow citizens, if they so desire, may vote for him; but the provision of the statute quoted being mandatory there is no escape from it.

The motion to dissolve the injunction is overruled.
Chief Justice Miller, Judges Carroll, Hanna and Nunn sat with me in the hearing of this motion and concur in this opinion.

LA FOLLETTE WILL MAKE RACE AGAIN

SENATOR BELIEVES HE WILL BE
OUSTED; IS NOT WOR-
RIED.

Washington, Oct.—Senator Robert M. La Follette, of Wisconsin, expects to be ousted from the Senate.

After he is ousted he expects to prove his ability to "come back."

These statements are not in the nature of random guesses, but are based on reliable information as to the Wisconsin Senator's mental attitude toward the inquiry now going on in the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections, of which Senator Pomerehne, of Ohio, is chairman.

If the Senate ousts La Follette he will immediately announce himself a candidate for re-election to the Senate at the special election which will be held to choose his successor. He will not wait until the ink on the expelling resolution is dry until he makes this announcement. Then he will hasten back to Wisconsin to get his forces in shape for what undoubtedly would prove to be the most dramatic senatorial contest ever waged in this country.

It would be a contest on which the eyes of the world would be riveted and there is no doubt that the National Administration and forty-seven other States would take the deepest kind of an interest in the outcome.

There is abundant ground for the belief that Senator La Follette, always a lover of the dramatic, would almost welcome such a contest and that he would make the fight of his

Rubber Roofing

For Every Need

Roofing that Lasts Longer
Roofing that Looks Better
Roofing that Costs Less

We have a large stock of good, reliable Composition Rubber Roofing. We offer you some splendid bargains in Composition Rubber Roofing, from the fact that we buy our Roofing direct from the manufacturers in carload lots.

Note the brands we have in stock. We can make shipment same day your order is received.

	1-Ply	2-ply	3-Ply
"EMERGENCY" Roofing, per square.....	\$1.18	\$1.48	\$1.63
"FORDSVILLE SPECIAL" Roofing, per square.....	1.38	1.68	1.93
"OHIO COUNTY" Roofing, per square.....		1.88	2.26
"RAIN-KOTE" Roofing, per square.....		2.05	2.48

	2-Ply	3-Ply
"DUPLEX" Roofing, per square.....	\$2.14	\$2.51

Weight: 2-ply, 65-lbs.; 3-ply, 75-lbs.

SLATE SURFACED ROOFING, per square \$2.76; weight, 82-85-lbs.

Nails and Cement are included in each roll of Roofing. These prices are delivered at your railroad station, if ordered in lots of three rolls, or more.

Samples furnished on request. Write today. Do not delay.

Fordsville Planing Mill Co.

JAKE WILSON, Mgr. FORDSVILLE, KY

life to "come back" goes without saying. Those who have witnessed the almost contemptuous attitude he assumes toward the investigating subcommittee are almost convinced that he is courting a resolution of expulsion from the Senate. When he tossed his letter on the table before the subcommittee, made a series of low salaams and departed without offering to answer any questions there was a meaning in his actions which only a close acquaintance of the Badger State solon can understand. Translated into the modern vernacular it was as if he said to the committeemen:

"You poor prunes; do your worst. I defy you."

There are well informed persons here who really believe that Senator La Follette will be disappointed if the Senate does not expel him. Regardless of the issues engendered by the war there is no doubt that in Wisconsin there is a long-standing and deep-seated prejudice against the United States Senate as "a rich men's club," and an adroit campaigner like La Follette, appearing in the role of a martyr, might be expected to make the most of that natural feeling of hostility toward the upper branch of Congress. As to whether or not the Senate will expel La Follette can not be forecasted at this time.

BEAVER DAM.

Mr. H. L. Ramage returned to his home here from Louisville Tuesday night to visit his family, where he will remain till Sunday.

Miss Ida Kuhn, of Rowena, Ky., is expected in town this week to visit Miss Innis Stewart.

Mrs. Mary Holt, of Dyersburg, Tenn., returned to her home Tuesday, after making a two weeks' visit to her daughter, Mrs. H. L. Ramage.

A Halloween party will be given by Miss Mattie Baltzell at her home in honor of the Senior Class.

Mrs. B. H. Ramage has returned home from Evansville, where she has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Sudie Williams.

Mrs. Artie Arbuckle and Mr. Roma King, of Central City, are in town visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. John King. Mr. King has been sick for several days.

Mr. Mose Maddox is at home visiting his family. Mr. Maddox works in Louisville.

Mr. Orville Hodge has returned to Detroit after a visit to his father, Mr. John Hodge.

Mr. Frank Cooper and Mr. Roscoe James, who have been sick for some time, are in the store at work again.

The Koran, the sacred book of the Mohammedans, was divulged by Mohammed in 610.

BAKER WILL VISIT CAMPS INCOGNITO

Washington, Oct. 27.—Secretary of War Baker has adopted the plan of visiting army camps incognito.

He has found that Reception Committees, brass bands, dinners and the like hamper him in his efforts to ascertain the true conditions at the army camps, so he intends to cut out the frills and travel unheralded and without identification marks.

Officers and men at Camp Taylor, Louisville, may expect a small, well-dressed man with a brisk stride to show up at the camp any day and begin looking around without the least ceremony. If anybody stops him he probably will explain who he is,

but not otherwise, and there will be no reception committees to meet him if he can dodge them. Furthermore, there will be no dinners "thrown" in his honor if he can sidestep them.

From now until Congress reconvenes in December will be Secretary Baker's open season for visiting the army camps but he intends to do it his own way.

AMENDMENT IS INDORSED

Frankfort State Journal Prints Strong Editorial Favoring Adoption Of Constitutional Amendment And Pointing Out Its Advantages

The strong resolutions adopted by the Frankfort Chamber of Commerce favoring the Constitutional Amendment relating to the purchase of telephone lines are meeting with favor throughout the state. Among other papers which have endorsed this action editorially is the Frankfort State Journal, which recently published the following editorial:

"Amend The Constitution
"The action of the Chamber of Commerce, in pledging its efforts to the adoption of the Constitutional Amendment relating to the purchase of telephone lines, and in calling upon other commercial bodies to support it, is both wise and timely."

"Two telephone lines in the same community, each contending for subscribers, is a nuisance—an expensive nuisance—to the public, and has been too long tolerated. When the busy merchant, farmer or professional man takes up his telephone, he wants to talk and talk quickly; and to be told that the party sought has "the other line" naturally stirs his resentment. Two exchanges in the same town mean that the business and professional man must maintain both, and this he should not be required to do."

"Telephone service should be universal among telephone users; every telephone user should be able to reach every other telephone user, over his own phone."

"The present Constitution of Kentucky was written when the telephone business was in its early infancy, and in it was written that one telephone company could not acquire by lease or purchase, the lines of a competing company, with the result that in every municipality where there have existed two telephone systems, however much a Chamber of Commerce or a City Council wished to have only one, they could get rid of neither without wrecking one. Both lines were doomed to continuous existence, in spite of the fact that generally neither was prosperous, or giving to the public satisfactory service. State authorities and local councils have complete power of regulation of telephone companies."

"The General Assembly adopted the pending amendment to the Constitution, permitting one telephone company to purchase the lines of another, provided the City Council and the State authorities should approve the purchase; without that approval no purchase can be made. This amendment was passed by the House of Representatives without a dissenting vote, and by the Senate with only one negative vote. Such a vote is an indication of the wide-spread interest in the amendment and the demand for the relief it will bring. The public interest is fully protected."

"We cannot too highly commend the Chamber of Commerce in its efforts to secure the adoption of this amendment by the voters. The State Journal is for the amendment, and will add its efforts to those of the Chamber of Commerce in this regard."

Winter Supplies

In times of high cost of wearing apparel you should select with care your place to buy your winter supplies. We bought heavily most of your winter needs months ago, hence we are in a position to offer you lots of merchandise below its market value today.

Underwear

An indispensable article. We have a large and varied assortment. You will be wise to get our prices.

Men's Work Coats

Out-door work requires the heavy kind. We have them. Our prices are right.

Rubber Boots and Shoes

The famous Ball brand. Known and worn by everybody. No farmer can go through a winter comfortable without them. Big stock. Prices right.

Overcoats and Mackinaws

We can fit you men. We can supply the boy. A look at them will convince you.

Winter Caps

The kind that will make you feel good in zero weather. No frost-bitten ears in the kind we sell.

While shivering these cold mornings think of us, and remember that it pays to trade with a house that saves you money.



Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 2

H. & ST. L. R. R. TIME TABLE.

No. 113 due at Ellmitch 8:32 p. m.
No. 110 due at Ellmitch 7:30 a. m.
No. 112 Lv. Ellmitch ... 3:40 p. m.
Ar. Irvington ... 5:26 p. m.
Lv. Irvington ... 5:56 p. m.
Ar. Louisville ... 7:40 p. m.
No. 111 Lv. Louisville ... 8:35 a. m.
Ar. Irvington ... 10:06 a. m.
Lv. Irvington ... 10:40 a. m.
Ar. Ellmitch ... 1:04 p. m.
M. H. & E. R. R. TIME TABLE.
South Bound, No. 115—
Due at Hartford ... 9:05 a. m.
North Bound, No. 114—
Due at Hartford ... 6:45 p. m.
(Both "Mixed" Trains.)

Personal News and Social Events.

See Eck Rial for Kindling Wood.
Judge W. H. Barnes is in Louisville.
The Halloween party was quite a success.
You can get Wire to bale your hay at Acton Bros. 1712
Mixed Feed and Oats can be had at Acton Bros. 1712
Esquire W. S. Dean, of Dundee, was in town Wednesday.
Miss Beatrice Haynes spent Sunday in Booneville, Indiana.
Lieutenant Gilmore Keown will arrive Monday for a few days.
Mr. J. B. Allen, of Fordsville, was among our visitors Wednesday.
Mrs. J. H. Williams entertained the C. W. M. Tuesday evening.
Mr. J. Glenn Barnes went to Frankfort the first part of last week.
Mr. Elmo Shaver, of Earlinton, came to Hartford Tuesday evening to be with his aunt, Mrs. E. T. Williams, whose husband died Monday.

Miss Maurine Martin is spending the week with relatives at Cromwell.
You can get Coal Buckets, Shovels and Pokers from Acton Bros., Hartford, Ky. 1712
For that White Cotton Felt Mattress that you are in need of see Acton Bros. 1712
Mrs. Lula Coppage returned Sunday from a visit with relatives at Leitchfield.
Mr. T. B. Frymire, of Horse Branch, was a Republican visitor Wednesday.
Harry May, who is with the I. C. R. R. at Memphis, visited the home-folks Sunday.
Mrs. J. E. Fogle left Wednesday for a visit with her daughter, Mrs. T. B. Petrie.
Mrs. Alice Swain and daughter, of Centertown, will leave to-morrow for Detroit, Mich.
For Sale—Good Work Horse. Apply to A. F. JONES 1612p Rt. 1, Hartford, Ky.
Buy that good Iron Bed that you are in need of, from Acton Bros., Hartford, Ky. 1712
Mrs. Arms, of Shrewsbury, Grayson county, is visiting her son, Mr. R. L. Arms, at Olaton.
ELITE FLOUR—As good as is made—none better. 1514 W. E. ELLIS & BRO.
Mr. Elbert Little, of Onton, Webster county, was the guest of Circuit Clerk A. C. Porter Sunday.
Mr. E. P. Moore, who is employed at Akron, Ohio, visited his family here the first of the week.
Mrs. E. A. White, of Horse Branch, has returned from a visit with Mrs. W. G. Bond, at Elizabethtown.
Mrs. R. E. McDaniel, of Louisville, was the guest of Mrs. J. S. Beau, at Horse Branch, Saturday and Sunday.
Mrs. L. C. Mason, of New York, after spending a few days here, the guest of Miss Bertha Phillips, left yesterday for Tell City, Ind. Mrs. Mason's husband is with Uncle Sam's forces somewhere in France.

Buy that Owensboro Wagon—the best on the market for the least money, from Acton Bros., Hartford, Ky. 1712
Mrs. Ann McDaniel, of near Horse Branch, left Tuesday for a visit with her son, Mr. Alonzo McDaniel, in Illinois.
Homer Robinson and his brother, Marcellus, farmers living near Narrows, each lost a valuable horse last week.
When you want to get your Groceries where quality and quantity can be had at a money-saving, call on Acton Bros. 1712
Mr. Francis Little and wife, of Kansas, were the guests last week of Mr. Francis' uncle, Mr. J. B. Ward, at Centertown.
When you go to buy your Dining Table get that all-Quartered Oak, 6 ft., round pedestal table for only \$15 from Acton Bros. 1712
Mrs. W. H. Coombs, wife of Editor Coombs of the Hartford Herald, returned Tuesday from a visit with relatives at Wickliff, Ky.
Mr. A. P. King was operated on for gall stones at the Owensboro City Hospital Wednesday and was doing nicely at press hour.
WANTED—All kinds of junk, hides, wool, feathers and roots. D. L. D. SANDEFUR, Beaver Dam, Ky. 511
Mr. Jake Westerfield, an old citizen of Dundee, while walking in the dark on his porch Sunday night, fell and seriously fractured his hip.
After spending several days with Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Sargent, Mr. and Mrs. Randolph Smith recently returned to their home in Arkansas.
Mr. D. J. Duncan, the veteran insurance man of Bowling Green, visited his daughter, Miss Agnes, who is teaching at Centertown, Sunday.
Miss Harriet Plener, bookkeeper in Sheriff Keown's office, spent Saturday night and Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Plener, near Cromwell.
Mr. John C. Riley made a trip to Arkansas recently, and our failure to mention it was due to Uncle John's usually successful methods of eluding publicity.
Miss Isabel Condit, of Centertown, and Mr. Geo. Nichols, of Montrose, Col., were married at Madisonville last week. They will make their home in Colorado.
Mrs. H. E. Mischke, who is spending several days visiting relatives in Evansville and Mt. Vernon, Ind., is expected to return home about the middle of next week.
Mrs. Rhoda Mason and Miss Ruth Weatherford, of Tell City, returned to their home yesterday after spending a few days here with their sister, Mrs. Amanda Phillips.
Mrs. Claude Blankenship and Miss Sophia Woerner, deputies in the County Court Clerk's office, were in Owensboro as witnesses in the ballot suit Friday and Saturday.
Just Received—A carload of the old reliable Jones Brand Fertilizer. Lay in your supply now while we have it. 1514 W. E. ELLIS & BRO.
Mr. Cyrus Tichenor and Miss Bertie Condit, of Centertown, surprised their friends last week by slipping off to the Spencer county, Indiana, Gretna Green and getting married.
Sam Cox Taylor, son of Mr. Ed Taylor, of Russellville, accidentally shot and killed himself recently. Mr. Taylor formerly lived here and the boy was a namesake of Capt. S. K. Cox.
Mrs. Josie Park, widow of the late James A. Park, suffered a severe stroke of paralysis Tuesday afternoon and for a while serious results were feared, but she is since somewhat improved.
Mrs. DeWitt has just returned from a visit to her husband, Dr. F. B. DeWitt, at Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Indiana. The Doctor is a Lieutenant in the Army Medical Corps at the fort.
Call and let us show you our full and complete line of Cook Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and Grates, which we can furnish you at very low prices. ACTON BROS. 1712 Hartford, Ky.
Mrs. James E. Long, of Nashville, Tenn., arrived in Hartford Wednesday morning. Mrs. Long came to attend the funeral of her son, Mr. E. T. Williams, but arrived too late for the obsequies.

Mrs. Mary Smith, mother of Commonwealth's Attorney, C. E. Smith, after spending several weeks with her son, W. E. Smith, at Repton, has gone to Nelson to be with her daughter, Mrs. A. W. Johnson.
Last week was baby week in the Centertown community. Among the parents so blessed were: Mr. and Mrs. Orville Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Lib Ashby, Mr. and Mrs. V. M. Massey and Mr. and Mrs. Richard Tolley.
See Fordsville Planing Mill Company's prices on good reliable Composition Rubber Roofing in this paper. They have a nice assortment of Roofing with prices that will please you. Samples furnished upon request.
Herman Morris, a soldier boy who was recently released from the service on account of the condition of his health, died at his home near Concord Friday and was buried Saturday. Funeral services by Rev. M. G. Sael.
Mrs. Robert Dugan, of Owensboro, and Mrs. Sam Casey, Mt. Vernon, Ill., left Sunday afternoon for Hartford, where they will be guests for the week-end of Mrs. T. S. Marks, and other relatives.—Owensboro Messenger.
The Kentucky State Orphans' Home, to which Mrs. S. O. Keown took the Cook children Tuesday, refused to take charge of them and returned them to Ohio county, and Judge Wilson sent them to the County Almshouse.
Mrs. George Henry, of Madisonville, came over Monday to attend the bedside of her brother-in-law, Mr. E. T. Williams, whose death occurred Monday night. Mrs. Henry will remain with her sister until Monday of next week.
Mrs. Mary Marks returned to her home in Hartford, Sunday, after spending the week in Calhoun with relatives, Mrs. W. A. Hayden and family. She is the mother of Miss Mary Marks, a teacher in the Calhoun school.—Calhoun Star.
John King brought to this office a few days ago a novel colored sweet potato. It is turnip shaped and one half of it is colored a deep red and the other half is a very bright yellow. The coloring indicates a cross of varieties, but we have seen nothing like it before.
Dewey Ashby and Almer Farmer, and Claude Reneer and Hattie Farmer were married at the residence of the brides, who are sisters, near Adamsburg, yesterday evening. The grooms were 18 and 19 years of age and the brides were 16 and 18. The young couples are getting an early start on their matrimonial voyage and we wish for them a long and happy one.
Mr. Leman Midkiff, a coal miner working in a mine near Fordsville, met with a very serious accident last week. It was the oft repeated case of returning to investigate why the shot did not go off. Mr. Midkiff had a leg broken from the concussion of the shot, and was otherwise bruised and shaken up.
Miss Willye Smith has gone to Anthony, Kansas, where she has accepted a position as stenographer, at a handsome salary, but we will bet a pint of peanuts that Kansas will never pay a stenographer a salary big enough to very long at a time, keep Willye away from the old haunts about Hartford.
The Followers of Christ, a religious sect wholly new to the writer, held some sort of a delegated meeting near Horse Branch Saturday and Sunday. Meats were barbecued and preparations made for many delegates. Our information, gleaned from a delegate from Marion, is rather meager, but we understand these people practice some sort of a simplicity religion, and have no discipline or designated preachers. The delegate we interviewed on a train was either not very familiar with the plans of the work or for some reason was loth to talk about it.
SPECIAL SERVICE.
At the Methodist church Sunday evening, Nov. 4, at 7 o'clock. The occasion is the Quadri Centenary of Martin Luther's death. The service will be fully illustrated with many beautiful stereopticon lantern slides and will be both entertaining and educative. The public is cordially requested to attend. The country folks especially invited to come and bring the children. Admission will be free.

Heavy Shoes

Sturdy Wear Resisting

Shoes must be had for the cold and wet winter. We give special attention to this class of Footwear--and our Men, Women and Children can find the sort of Shoe protection they need here.

Don't wait until all of your size is gone, the manufacturer is very slow on deliveries now.

E. P. Barnes & Bro.,

Beaver Dam, Ky.

NO PROFITEERING IN FOOD STUFFS

THOSE SEEKING BIG MARGINS TO BE CUT OFF FROM SUPPLIES.

Washington, Oct. 30.—Profiteering by retail dealers in foodstuffs will be made impossible after November 1, the Food Administrator announced to-night, under a plan to cut off supplies to those not satisfied with reasonable margins. Manufacturers, wholesalers and other handlers of foods, whose businesses will go under license, will not be permitted to sell to distributors who seek undue profits.
"This is one of the most sweeping safeguards," the announcement said, "against high prices which will be incorporated in the licensing system, for which complete rules and regulations will be made known within a few days."
This plan, Food Administrator officials believe, will give the Government entire control of retail prices. Wholesalers and others who continue to sell to retailers after they are forbidden to do so by the Food Administration will be denied the right to sell goods under license.
Extending Control.
Authority for extending control to the retailer is cited in the announcement as follows:
"The small retailers of food, of whom there are several hundred thousand in the country, while exempt from the licensing provisions, are nevertheless subject to other provisions of the Food Control Act. Every retailer, as every other handler of food, is forbidden under the law to make any unreasonable charge, to hoard, to monopolize, waste or destroy food or to conspire with anyone to restrict the production, distribution or supply, or exact excessive prices on any necessities. There are no penalties provided, but the Food Administration hopes that the arrangement of restricting supplies to violators of the law will be of some effect, for the retailer will find himself unable to buy goods from any wholesaler or manufacturer."
Watch for Violators.
Federal Food Administrators in all States will be directed to keep a watch for violators and send to the States the names of prices.

retailers asking excessive prices.
"The Food Administration," the announcement says, "does not intend to disturb any legitimate operations and will initiate measures only against hardened and persistent violators of the law. It takes the position that the great majority of food sellers, retail as well as wholesale, are patriotic and honest, and are making every effort to comply with good business principles and sell to the consumer at the lowest possible prices. Such dealers will be, in fact, protected from illegitimate competition. These few who persist in abusing their opportunities and continue to take advantage of the emergency caused by the war will receive attention."

NOTICE.

After October 1, 1917, I will be in the office of Dr. A. B. Riley from 1:00 p. m. to 4:00 p. m., and in my office over Williams Drug Store from 9:00 a. m., to 12:00 noon.
141f DR. E. B. PENDLETON.

Figuratively Speaking.

I suppose the young men do not regard Miss Barrowcliffe as so handsome now that her father has lost his money?"
"Well, they don't think she has such a fine figure as she once had."
—Pearson's Weekly, London.

Picture Patrons Notice.

Owing to the Excise tax placed upon picture films, the added expressage and tax on same, which has been doubled and a 10 per cent war tax upon tickets sold, we will be compelled to charge 15 cents admission to all of our shows in the future, beginning Friday night.

STAR THEATRE.

TAX NOTICE.

Pay your taxes now and save the penalty which will go on soon.
S. O. KEOWN,
Sheriff Ohio County.

Good Enough.

"Why don't you get an alienist to examine your son?"
"No, sir! An American doctor is good enough for me."
—Baltimore American.

Dr. H. B. Washburn will be at the Commercial Hotel, Beaver Dam, Ky., during the week commencing with Monday, October 15th, and on each third Monday and the week following, thereafter, to do all kinds of first class dental work at reasonable prices.

Wagons! Wagons! Wagons!

Before you buy you should examine our hand made farm wagons. They run lighter, are made of the very best material and last far longer than any machine made wagon you can buy no matter what price you pay.

We also do all kinds of Blacksmithing and Repairing, especially the hard jobs the other fellow can't do.

We also make a specialty of Horseshoeing and earnestly solicit your patronage in this line.

Respectfully yours,

A. B. Row & Son

Centertown, Ky.

Thirty-five years experience in the shop.

Farm Department

WHY THE LEAVES CHANGE THEIR COLOR

Washington, October 29.—It requires no vivid imagination to picture Mother Nature going about these days with a liberal supply of paint with which she colors the leaves of the trees and other plants and thereby produces the vivid tints which characterize the foliage of this season. In reality the change in coloring is the result of certain chemical processes which take place in the leaves.

The change is not, as many people suppose, due to the action of frost, but is a preparation for winter. All during the spring and summer the leaves have served as factories, where the foods necessary for the trees' growth have been manufactured. This food making takes place in numberless tiny cells of the leaf and is carried on by small green bodies which give the leaf its color. These chlorophyll bodies, as they are known, make the food of the tree by combining carbon taken from the carbonic acid gas of the air with hydrogen, oxygen, and various minerals supplied by the water which the roots gather. In the fall when the cool weather causes a slowing down of the vital processes, the work of the leaves comes to an end. This machinery of the leaf factory is dismantled, so to speak, the chlorophyll is broken up into the various substances of which it is composed, and whatever food there is on hand is sent to the body of the tree to be stored up for use in the spring. All that remains in the cell cavities of the leaf is a watery substance in which a few oil globules and crystals, and a small number of yellow, strongly refractive bodies can be seen. These give the leaves the yellow coloring so familiar in autumnal foliage.

It often happens, however, that there is more sugar in the leaf than can be readily transferred back to the tree. When this is the case the chemical combination with the other substances many-colored tints varying from the brilliant red of the dogwood to the more austere red-browns of the oak. In coniferous trees, which do not lose their foliage in the fall, the green coloring matter takes on a slightly brownish tinge, which, however, gives way to the lighter color in the spring.

While the color of the leaf is changing, other preparations are being made. At the point the stem of the leaf is attached to the tree, a special layer of cells develops which gradually sever the tissues which support the leaf. At the same time Nature heals the cut, so that when the leaf is finally blown off by the wind or falls from its own weight, the place where it grew on the twig is marked by a scar.

Although the food which has been prepared in the cell cavities is sent back to the tree, the mineral substance with which the walls of the cells have become impregnated during the summer months are retained. Accordingly, when the leaves fall they contain relatively large amounts of valuable elements, such as nitrogen and phosphorus which were originally a part of the soil. The decomposition of the leaves results in enriching the top layers of the soil by returning these elements and by the accumulation of humus. That is why the mellow black earth from the forest floor is so fertile. But if fires are allowed to run through the forest and the leaves are burned, the most valuable of the fertilizing elements are changed by the heat into gases and escape into the air. As a result, forests which are burned over regularly soon lose their soil fertility even if no apparent damage is done to the standing timber.

Increase Poultry Production.

An appeal to poultry raisers to increase their production of poultry, meat, and eggs has been issued by the American Association of Instructors and Investigators in Poultry Husbandry, which met recently at Amherst, Mass. These poultry experts, in a resolution, state that there will be an unprecedented demand for breeding stock and poultry products, which can be met most effectively by the introduction of approved methods and better stock and management in each flock.

The association urges particularly owners of flocks not to sacrifice valuable chickens simply because feed has become abnormally high in price. They point out that such a practice will tend to reduce the supply of breeding stock and lead to serious reduction in output.

The members of the association, who are the experts in poultry husbandry from the several State agricultural colleges and the United States Department of Agriculture,

stand ready to help any poultry producers to get maximum results.

Government Will Not Fix Hog Prices.

Food Controller, Herbert Hoover, has issued the following statement: "Statement has appeared in Chicago papers that we have intention of reducing hog prices to ten dollars, Chicago. Advise that statement is absolutely untrue. It does not represent opinion or proposed action of Food Administration, which will take no steps that will jeopardize livestock producers' interest. All our endeavors will be used to keep prices, at which all allied and governmental purchases are made, that give assured return of cost and profit to producers of meat animals."

There is a known shortage of pork, and farmers are urged to increase their breeding herds of swine and otherwise adapt their farm plans to bring about greatly increased production of hogs. Therefore the Food Administration is encouraging rather than discouraging the production of pork.

Let the mares and colts have feed in abundance this month.

Fal Care of Vegetables.

Do not expect to keep vegetables successfully in an unpartitioned cellar containing a furnace.

If no cave or portion of the cellar is available, dig a trench as long as desired and about a foot deep. Providing proper drainage is maintained, cabbage, potatoes, celery, carrots, beets, in fact all of the root crops, may be stored in it. For storing apples the hole should be deeper, and usually the apples are protected by being surrounded by straw before soil is placed on them. The outer leaves of the cabbages should not be removed, and the tops should head downward. Beets, carrots and salsify may be buried as soon as the tops are frozen. Celery may be placed in the trench when mature to be bleached and later stored where it will not freeze. Parsnips may be left unpulled, but if buried in a trench may be more easily handled. Many persons believe that the flavor of the parsnip is improved by being allowed to freeze before burying.

Start Flock With Ewe Lambs.

For inexperienced sheep raisers there are several important advantages in purchasing ewe lambs instead of mature breeding ewes. In the first place, says the United States Department of Agriculture, the ewes of breeding age that are offered for sale are mostly western ewes with a long-wool cross, while the ewe lambs coming from the West are mostly black-faced lambs, thus showing a cross of some of the Down breeds, which is the kind of blood most farmers wish to have in their flocks. By buying such ewe lambs one gets the advantage of starting with the first cross of the type to be used in grading up a flock to the mutton type.

Moreover, good breeding ewes are selling high. Lower prices are unlikely, as the demand is strong and the available supply is small. With probable high prices for mutton and wool in the future the farmer who understands sheep and will properly care for them from the start has good prospects of success.

While breeding stock is selling high, the ewe lambs can be bought at about \$5 a head less than breeding ewes. This is an important point in starting a flock, although until the lambs come to a breeding age no returns from the flock will be forthcoming except the wool clip. However, for the beginner in sheep husbandry, no better plan of obtaining experience could be adopted than in caring for a flock of ewe lambs for a year. The experience gained in wintering ewe lambs and managing the flock throughout the summer season would be invaluable.

Investment in a flock of ewe lambs will give the advantage of the first cross of blood of the Down breeds, lower price, and necessary experience. The wool clip will at least offset the first year's keep and the yearling ewes will be a benefit to weedy pastures next spring if moved frequently and not stocked so heavily as to eat the grass into the ground. Those who contemplate going into sheep raising should consult Farmers' Bulletin 840, "Farm Sheep Raising for Beginners," which will be sent free on request from the Division of Publications, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Certain Cure For Croup.

Mrs. Rose Middleton, of Greenville, Ill., has had experience in the treatment of this disease. She says, "When my children were small my son had croup frequently. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy always broke up these attacks immediately, and I was never without it in the house. I have taken it myself for coughs and colds with good results."



10 Great Serials

full of life and action, filled with the fire of fine inspiration and followed by 250 short stories of adventure, will make

The YOUTH'S COMPANION

Better Than Ever in 1915

Then the Family Page, a rare Editorial Page, Boys' Page, Girls' Page, Doctor's Advice, and "a ton of fun," Articles of Travel, Science, Education. From the best minds to the best minds, the best the world can produce for you and everyone in the home. There is no age limit to enthusiasm for The Youth's Companion.

52 Times a Year
—not 12.

More good reading than you will get in any of the monthly magazines.

Three Current Issues Free
If you do not know THE COMPANION let us send you Three Current Issues FREE. Inclose this Coupon with your request.
Those who subscribe now, sending \$2 for the 52 issues of THE COMPANION for 1915, will receive The Companion Home Calendar FREE.

SUBSCRIPTIONS RECEIVED AT THIS OFFICE
THE HARTFORD REPUBLICAN AND YOUTH'S COMPANION, BOTH ONE YEAR FOR ONLY \$2.75.

HERE IS A GOOD PLACE TO STOP FOR LITTLE MONEY

Louisville Hotel, Louisville, Ky., Main St., bet. 6th & 7th

The Only Hotel in Louisville Operated on the American and European Plans.

AMERICAN PLAN (With Meals)—

Rooms without Bath but with Hot and Cold Running Water.

75 Rooms.....single, \$2.00 per day; 2 people, \$2.60 each
50 Rooms.....single, 2.50 per day; 2 people, 2.25 each
50 Front Rooms, single, 3.00 per day; 2 people, 2.50 each

Rooms with Private Bath:

50 Rooms.....single, 3.00 per day; 2 people, 2.75 each

50 Rooms.....single, 3.50 per day; 2 people, 3.00 each

EUROPEAN PLAN (Without Meals)—

Rooms without Bath but with Hot and Cold Running Water.

75 Rooms.....single, \$1.00 per day; 2 people, \$0.75 each
50 Rooms.....single, 1.25 per day; 2 people, 1.00 each
50 Front Rooms, single, 1.50 per day; 2 people, 1.25 each

Rooms with Private Bath:

50 Rooms.....single, 1.50 per day; 2 people, 1.25 each

50 Rooms.....single, 2.00 per day; 2 people, 1.50 each

THE OLD INN, Louisville, Ky., Cor. Sixth and Main Sts.
European Plan Only.

Rooms Without Bath, \$1.00 and up; Rooms With Private Bath, \$1.50 and up—Best Eating Place in Town.

The Louisville Hotel and the Old Inn are located in the wholesale district and only a 3-block's walk to the retail district and theaters.

LOUISVILLE HOTEL AND OLD INN COMPANY, Props.

Vanderbilt Training School for Boys

ELKTON, KY.

Will help parents develop their sons into the best type of citizens and Christian gentlemen. Its patronage is widely scattered and comes from the best homes in the South. Its capacity is limited, therefore, reservations should be made early. Place your son in this select group of boys. Write

MATHENEY & BATTS

For catalogue and information. Box A.

No Combination of Reading Like It and All For \$2.10

The Youth's Companion
52 ISSUES
The favorite family weekly of America, 12 Great Serials of Groups in 1915, and 250 Short Stories, a thousand Articles and Suggestions, a thousand Funny-lama. Special Pages for all ages.

McCall's Magazine
12 ISSUES AND A DRESS PATTERN
The Pattern, "THOMAS" named by millions of American women. "Osgood" will get the 25 monthly issues of McCall's, making not merely a "dressing" but a "fashion" magazine every month of the year.

64 Issues and 15c McCall Dress Pattern for... \$2.10

Send \$2.10 (Express or P. O. Money Order) to the publishers of the paper in which this offer appears and get

1 THE YOUTH'S COMPANION for 52 weeks, and the 1917 Home Calendar.
(This offer is to new Youth's Companion subscribers only.)
2 McCall's MAGAZINE every month for one year; also choice of any 15-cent McCall Dress Pattern FREE for 2 cents extra to cover mailing.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, St. Paul St., BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

A MODERN SCHOOL

Fifty-five typewriters. Lessons explained by Moving Picture machine. Seven big Departments—Shorthand, Book-keeping, Telegraphy, Stenotypy, Music, Primary Normal. Expert teachers. Modern equipment. Position assured. Write for catalogue.

Davies Co. Bus. College
Incorporated
OWENSBORO, KY.

Petro-Menta Relives Piles
No matter how stubborn the case may be Petro-Menta will bring relief. A trial will convince you. For sale by Ohio County Drug Co. Price 25c.

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic
Sold Everywhere

DR. J. H. THORPE
EYE, EAR, THROAT, NOSE
And Fitting of Glasses
Masonic Temple
OWENSBORO, KY.

OVER \$93,000,000,000
SPENT ON WORLD WAR

Washington, Oct. 27.—The second Liberty Loan of \$3,000,000,000 will be applied to the \$20,000,000,000 war bill of the United States to June 30, 1918. This vast total of American expenses, however, is only one-fifth of the cost of the war to the other belligerent governments.

The actual cost to date, based on figures to the first of this year and the daily rate of expenditure since then, is \$93,814,875,000. This includes Uncle Sam's \$2,000,000,000 Liberty Loan.

Great Britain has been the biggest spender, with \$22,939,375,000 to her credit. This does not include Canada's \$645,700,000, nor the \$763,800,000 spent by Great Britain's other colonies.

The other Entente Allies have spent: France, \$15,114,000,000; Russia, \$12,868,000,000; Italy, \$5,911,000,000; Belgium, \$763,000,000; Serbia, \$603,000,000, and Rumania, \$796,000,000.

The Central Allies have spent much less according to the figures available: Germany's expenditures are estimated at \$20,333,000,000; Austria's, \$8,003,000,000; Turkey's, \$1,059,500,000, and Bulgaria's, \$718,500,000.

We Knock the Spots Out of Things

Ladies' and Men's Garments

French Dry Cleaned and Pressed in a Superior Manner.
Send us your Garments and Have Them

CLEANED CLEAN
Packages called for and delivered.

THE EL TE PRESSING CLUB
A. Iva Nall, Prop.
HARTFORD, KENTUCKY.

USE LIV-VER-LAX

For Lazy Liver and the Troubles of Constipation.

Feel right all the time. Don't lay off from work for days by taking calomel when pleasant **Liv-Ver-Lax** keeps you on your feet, while relieving your trouble. Safer, too, and easy to take. Don't take anything else. You can't afford it. Eliminates poisons, cleanses system and relieves constipation. A natural remedy, natural in its actions, sure in its effect and certain in results. It won't be long before **Liv-Ver-Lax** will completely displace calomel in every home. Children can take it freely and with perfect safety. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c and \$1 in bottles. None genuine without the likeness and signature of L. K. Grigsby. For sale by

W. J. WILLIAMS, - Hartford, Ky.



McCALL PATTERNS
Celebrated for style, perfect fit, simplicity and reliability nearly 40 years. Sold in nearly every city and town in the United States and Canada, or by mail direct. More sold than any other make. Send for free catalogue.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE
More subscribers than any other fashion magazine—million a month. Invaluable. Latest styles, patterns, dressmaking, millinery, plain sewing, fancy needlework, hairdressing, etiquette, good stories, etc. Only 50 cents a year (worth double), including a free pattern. Subscribe today, or send for sample copy.

WONDERFUL INDUCEMENTS
to Agents. Postal brings premium catalogue and new cash price offers. Address: ONE McCALL CO., 229 to 245 W. 37th St., NEW YORK.

Electric Bitters

Succeed where everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weakness they are the supreme remedy. A thousand have testified.

FOR RENEWED LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE
It is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

Sample Free. 50c. All druggists or sent by mail.

Every Woman Wants

Pantine

ANTISEPTIC POWDER
FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE
Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleansing and germicidal power. Sample Free. 50c. All druggists or sent by mail.

SLAV POLICIES ARE UNCHANGED

IMPOSSIBILITY OF SEPARATE
PEACE SAYS FOREIGN SEC-
RETARY.

GERMANS ARE INSINCERE

People Must Understand That De-
fense of Russian Territory is of
Important Need.

Petrograd, Monday, Oct. 29.—For-
eign Minister Terestchenko in ad-
dressing the preliminary Parliament
to-day said a separate peace was im-
possible and that defense of Rus-
sian territory was one of the funda-
mental needs.

The Foreign Minister said the ab-
solute independence of Courland and
perhaps of Poland and Lithuania was
impossible, as it would mean that
Russia would return to the days be-
fore Peter. He also asserted com-
plete demoralization and disarmament
and neutralization of canals and
straits were impossible. Russia's for-
eign policy had not changed, the Min-
ister continued, since the first state-
ment enunciating the principles of
no indemnities, no annexations and
the right of nations to self-definition.

War By Nations.

"The people must understand that
the war is being carried on not by
Governments, but by nations," he
added. "As the nations began the
fighting, so they must end it. Rus-
sia and France first held back the
foes and so they continue."

"There never has been more peace
talk in Germany and Austria than
now," said the Minister. "I am con-
fident Germany was insincere in the
reported recent offer for the freedom
of Belgium, without the freedom of
Alsace-Lorraine, and in the intima-
tion that this would be her last offer.
She will make more."

"Germany is now concentrating
her efforts to affect her enemies eco-
nomically. For instance, her attack
on Riga was not strategic, but in
pursuance of a far-sighted policy of
striking at our weakest point, hop-
ing to ruin the economic life of the
country. Too much importance must
not be given to to-day's Italian de-
feat, as this also is for more econo-
mic effect."

M. Terestchenko's speech was
cheered throughout by the Conserva-
tives, but he was heckled more than
applauded by the Bolsheviks. The
American, British and Italian Am-
bassadors were present when the
speech was delivered.

M. Terestchenko declared that the
offers for a separate peace and the
sentiment in favor of them were
strongest last May, when they were
followed by the Russian offensive.

"There is a rumor that the Allies
wished to leave Russia to her fate,"
the Foreign Minister continued, "but
I state officially that it is untrue."

Public Sale.

At my residence 1 1/2 miles below
South Carrollton, on Green River, 3
miles above Smallhouse, on the 10th
day of November, 1917, I will offer
for sale to the highest and best bid-
der, the following described prop-
erty: One span of good mules, one
brood mare, two young fillies, one
horse, 4 milch cows, 16 head of
young cattle, 4 calves, farming im-
plements and household furniture.
Terms made known on date of sale.
1742p J. C. Hill.

Marriage License.

Felix Brown, 25, Sunnydale, to
Ora Malden, 22, Sunnydale.
J. I. Leach, 48, Central City, to
Willie Ethel Hunter, 33, Equality.
Monroe Lee, 45, Beaver Dam, to
Mrs. Ida Maddox, 40, McHenry.

HORSE BRANCH.

Mr. Vernon Crowder made a busi-
ness trip to Hartford Saturday.
Mr. Carson Gary visited relatives
and friends in Beaver Dam from
Friday to Sunday of last week.

Mrs. Jim Ferguson and Mrs. Joe
Stewart spent last Monday at White
Run.

Mrs. Clark, near Rosine, has moved
to Horse Branch.

Mrs. M. B. Dupert, of Floyd's Knot,
Ind., is visiting friends here.

Mrs. John Wilson is visiting in
Louisville, the guest of her brother,
Mr. Oscar Daniel and wife.

Mrs. Rev. Boyd is not quite as
well, as she has been.

Rev. Walter Greop filled his father's
appointment here at the Chris-
tian church Saturday and Sunday.
On Sunday evening he delivered a
patriotic sermon to an interested au-
dience.

The school at this place is giving
good satisfaction; much credit to the
teachers.

The new post office at this place is
well lighted and heated, and Mr.

Sanders and assistants are all that
could be desired of the Government.

Mr. Miles Crowder, who was not
able to attend the singing Wednes-
day night, is improving.

Several from here attended the Ma-
sonic supper at Friedland Saturday
evening.

Mr. N. B. Sargent, of Paducah, vis-
ited his son, Mr. N. B. Sargent, the
depot agent, recently.

Mrs. R. E. McDaniel, of Louis-
ville, visited Mrs. J. S. Bean Satur-
day and Sunday.

The young folks played some Hal-
loween pranks Wednesday night, and
surprised Mr. and Mrs. V. M. Crow-
der. Piano and string music and
singing were enjoyed by all pres-
ent.

Dr. J. S. Bean spent Tuesday in
Louisville.

FORDSVILLE.

Mr. J. C. Holderman, of Rockford,
Ill., is visiting his father, J. H. Hol-
derman.

Mrs. Kate Johnson went to Provi-
dence Saturday.

The friends of Dick Truman were
sorry to learn of his death which oc-
curred in Owensboro last week.

Miss Cathleen Young was in Ow-
ensboro last week.

Mr. G. D. Royal and wife, who
have been visiting their son at Louis-
ville, have returned home.

John Wooster and wife, of Texas,
are here for a few days.

Albert Quisenberry is able to be
out again.

Dock Miller, of this place, started
to Arizona and reached St. Louis, re-
turning home Saturday.

Mrs. Will Park is ill at this writ-
ing.

Mr. Lon Richards has moved to
Aetna, where he is teaching school.

Mr. A. M. Howell, of this place,
breakman on the M. H. & E., is mov-
ing to Earlinton.

Mr. Steven Brown came home to
be at the election Tuesday.

Ross-Vaughn & Co. are preparing
to buy tobacco and will handle it in
the old livery barn.

Mr. A. B. Westerfield sold 22 head
of cattle and 34 head of hogs to
Chas. Turner, of Owensboro. Cattle
7 cents, hogs 15 cents.

For a Weak Stomach.

As a general rule all you need to
do is to adopt a diet suited to your
age and occupation and to keep your
bowels regular. When you feel that
you have eaten too much and when
constipated, take one of Chamber-
lain's Tablets.

MISSOURIAN RAISES 680,000 BUSHELS OF CORN

Jefferson City, Mo., October 28.—
W. F. Rankin, of Tarkio, raised 680,-
000 bushels of corn on his farm this
year.

This is the largest crop of corn
raised in the United States by a single
farmer, and according to Jewell
Mayes, secretary of the State Board
of Agriculture, entitles Rankin to the
title of "the American king of corn
farmers."

Nuts Wanted.

Cash paid for Hickory Nuts and
Walnuts—any quantity.
THOMAS BROS.,
Hartford, Ky.

No Reason for Pride.

The largest surplus from postal
revenues in the history of the gov-
ernment, \$9,999,999, was paid into
the treasury today by the Postoffice
Department.—Washington dispatch.

The other side of the shield is not
so pleasant to look upon.
Mr. Burleson in his determination
to make a better financial showing
for his department than his prede-
cessors has demoralized the postal
service.

There has been no time within
memory when the postoffice has been
so inefficient and slow.

There has been no time when it
has been so short-handed.

There has been no time when the
patrons of the postoffice have felt so
little reliance upon its accurate and
prompt handling of the mails.

There has been no time when busi-
ness men have suffered so heavy
losses because of postal delay and
errors.

The first duty of the Postoffice De-
partment is service to the people, not
profit to the government. Mr. Bur-
leson in his anxiety to save money
has made a ghastly failure in the
operation of his department for the
public service.

Mother—"Your father didn't take
his cold bath this morning, did he?"
Johnny—"Nope. I heard him kick-
ing because there wasn't any hot
water."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears
the
Signature of

VOTE FOR THE CONSOLIDATION OF DUAL PHONE SYSTEMS

The voters of this county, in com-
mon with voters all over the state,
will find on their ballots at the com-
ing November election, the line for
ratification of the constitutional
amendment passed by the last leg-
islature, providing that telephone lines
in Kentucky may absorb other tele-
phone lines, for the purpose of elimi-
nating the double system of phones
wherever it is deemed advisable. First,
public endorsement of the amendment
has come from the Frankfort Chamber
of Commerce, and similar commercial
bodies all over the state are taking up
the matter in the hope of securing
a big affirmative vote. There is so
little argument to be presented against
ratification of the amendment that
such efforts are being made for fear
that the voters may neglect to vote
on it, rather than for fear of any sub-
stantial opposition. The dual system
of telephones is not feasible. It is
expensive and annoying and absolute-
ly destructive to the proper function-
ing of the long distance system. It
forces business houses to keep two
telephone rents going, and puts people
who have only the one line out of
touch with those who have the other,
whereas the prime purpose of the tele-
phone is to knit communities and ter-
ritories together by means of its facil-
ities. The legislature was quick
to realize the need of removing
present restrictions which prohibit
the absorbing of competing lines, and
it is impossible to conceive of the peo-
ple opposing the idea.

The amendment passed by the Sen-
ate with only one dissenting vote and
encountered no opposition whatever in
the House. The representatives of
both parties recognized that only by
means of this amendment to the Con-
stitution could the state be saved the
annoyance and expense of two tele-
phone systems in the same community.

Some of the larger cities, particu-
larly Cincinnati, New York and Wash-
ington, early recognized that two tele-
phone systems were an unnecessary
burden on the community and never
granted to more than one company a
franchise for a telephone system, with
the result that every telephone user
in each of these cities is in direct
communication with every other sub-
scriber.

In Kentucky, in the early stages of
the development of the telephone busi-
ness, numerous small companies were
organized. They did not connect, dif-
ferent kinds of equipment were used
and the standard of maintenance was
not universal, which retarded the ad-
vancement of telephone development
in keeping with other states more pro-
gressive. Nearly every community in
Kentucky has, at some time in its his-
tory, experienced a telephone war that
engendered hard feelings, as each side
had its partisans, and the public has
been deprived of the convenience and
economy that one telephone system
affords.

The public interest is thoroughly
protected under the proposed consti-
tutional amendment, as no purchase
can be made without the consent of
the city council. The passage of the
bill providing for the constitutional
amendment and the practically unani-
mous vote it received in the General
Assembly is evidence that it was pass-
ed in response to a widespread and
popular demand for relief from pres-
ent telephone conditions.—Paducah
(Ky.) Evening Sun.

Our Metal Roads.

Ohio county has now eighteen
miles of metal, or piked roads, al-
ready built or in process of building;
on three lines leading out from Hart-
ford. There are nine miles out the
Cromwell road, three miles on the
Centertown road and six miles on the
Owensboro road. Under the State
road law the state for every dollar
the county will spend in road-build-
ing will pay an additional dollar, and
it will be unfortunate for the county
if for want of local road funds it
may have to forego this state aid. If
we do not provide for metal road
building we shall still have to pay
about \$2,500 a year into the State
road fund without getting anything
in return. Some means should be
provided for continuing to take ad-
vantage of State aid.

"Bone Dry" Animals.

In contrast to the mole, which is
perhaps the most thirsty of animals,
there are some creatures which seem
to be almost independent of water.
Many of the antelopes can live for
incredible periods without drinking.
The eland, for instance, in some
strange manner, contrives to live for
months together without drinking,
and even when the herbage is so dry
that it crumbles into powder in the
hand this animal preserves its good
condition and, moreover, is found to
contain water in its stomach if open-
ed.

Another antelope, the gemsbok, is
nearly independent of water, and
thrives and attains wonderful con-
dition in the most barren regions. It
most surely was intended by nature
to adorn the parched and arid deserts
of South Africa, its native land. The
succulent plants which grow in these
desert regions supply it with the lit-
tle water it requires.

The ibex is capable of abstaining

from water for a considerable time,
which makes it extremely difficult to
hunt the ibex successfully, as it will
penetrate into the most barren re-
gions, where man dare not follow
lest he die of thirst.

Like many of the antelopes, the
pichiago armadillo appears to be
able to live for months together
without needing to drink, and one in
captivity has been known to refuse
water for a period of three months
without the least signs of harm to its
general health.

The porcupine, too, is able to do
without water for so long a time that
it is said it does not require the pres-
ence of water at all; being able to
quench its thirst by eating the suc-
culent roots and plants which it digs
out of the ground.

The sloth, which lives always in
the trees and never comes to the
ground except by accident, appears
to stand in no need of water, but is
satisfied to quench its thirst with the
moisture which clings to the herbage
on which it feeds.—George A. Russ,
In Our Dumb Animals.

Why He was Apprehensive.

Sandy McTavish was a highly-
skilled workman in an aircraft fac-
tory.

Therefore, it happened one day
that Sandy was asked if he would
care to accompany the works aviator
on one of his trial flights in a ma-
chine.

Sandy, after some hesitation,
agreed to do so.

During the flight the aviator asked
how he was enjoying it.

"To tell the truth," answered the
Soot, "I was rather be on the
ground."

"Tut, tut," replied the flying
man. "I was just thinking of looping
the loop."

"For Heaven's sake don't do
that," yelled the now very nervous
McTavish. "I've some siller in my
vest pocket."—Tit-Bits.

What She'd Broken.

Reginald has become a stretcher-
bearer in the army pay corps and
before going away to take up his du-
ties he asked Angelina to marry him.
Angelina loved him, but as she had
promised to marry a millionaire the
day before she was too noble to go
back on her word and to Reginald
she had perforce to say "No."

"I'm sorry, sorry," she sobbed.
"Kiss me once before we part, my
love," and she flung herself into his
arms.

"My own," she wailed. "Have I
broken your heart?"
Reginald disentangled himself
with difficulty.

"No, Angelina," he said. "only my
fountain pen."—London Answers.

For Sale.

One upright piano, mahogany case.
See or write MISS WILLIE SMITH,
Commercial Hotel, Hartford. 1743p

Tries Twelve Times.

Winterswyk, Netherlands, Sept.
29.—The record in escapes from war
captivity would seem to be held by
a Russian prisoner of war, who has
crossed the frontier, near Winters-
wyk. This is his twelfth attempt to
escape. Three times he fled in the
direction of Luxemburg, twice he
made for Switzerland, on several oc-
casions he took the road to Poland
and again to Denmark, but in every
case without success. This was the
first time he had tried his luck in the
direction of the Netherlands frontier,
and after being two months and twenty
days on the road success crowned
his perseverance.

TAX DATES.

I, or one of my deputies, will be at
the following precincts to collect Tax
on dates below:

Oct. 26—Horse Branch.
Oct. 27—Rockport.
Oct. 29—Hedden and Bells Run.
Oct. 30—Burd.
Oct. 31—Dundee.
Nov. 1—Wysox and Cernalvo.
Nov. 2—Narrows.

S. O. KEOWN,
Sheriff Ohio County.

The Impression It Made.

The failure of the Democratic can-
didates to file their certificates of
nomination to get on the ballot has
excited much comment, good temper-
ed, bad tempered, sensible, non-sen-
sical, jocular and otherwise. We
quote some first expressions before
the pot began to bile:

A leading Democratic lawyer:—"It
was an unfortunate oversight; an in-
excusable blunder."

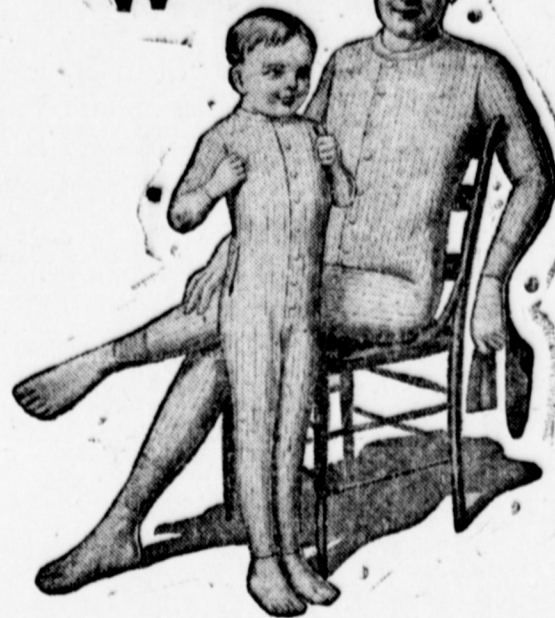
A Democratic candidate:—"I don't
blame anybody but myself. I forgot
it."

An enthusiastic lady Democrat:—"If
the Democratic candidates did not
know how to get on the ballots they
would not know how to fill the offices
if they had them."

Another Democrat said:—"I wasn't
going to the election anyway, so it
doesn't make any difference to me."

An ex-Democratic official:—"It is
just a case of our fellows failing to
perform a duty the law required of
them, and there is no excuse for try-
ing to lay the blame on the Repub-

BEYOND COMPARE MUNSING WEAR



Munsing Union Suits

give you the most for your
money any way you figure it.
If you seek the highest quality
of fabric and finish you get it
in Munsingwear. If you seek
real economy—you get it in
Munsingwear. And if you are
looking for a perfect fit—and
have never been able to get it
before—try Munsingwear on
our guarantee of satisfaction.

The prices are low—the
range of styles and fabrics very
wide.

Carson & Co.

(Incorporated.)

Prompt Answers

It is the duty of the telephone
operator to ascertain the number
wanted and ring the bell of the party
called. If the called party is slow to
answer the operator is as helpless as
you are.

Most of what you might think
is "slow service" is caused by the sub-
scribers not answering promptly.
You can help the service by answer-
ing your telephone promptly.

When you Telephone—Smile

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Incorporated

J. HUNTER MATTHEWS, MANAGER, HARTFORD, KY.



icans. They did just what we would
have done under the same circum-
stances."

A wag commented:—"What is go-
ing to become of us floaters?" Gen-
eral sympathy was expressed for the
Democratic candidates, most of whom
were farmers, and not supposed to
know the law, but little apology was
made for the Democratic leaders and
attorneys upon whom the candidates
relied for counsel.

See-Saw.

He loved me when I loved him not
And now my heart is sore,
For I love him and he's forgot
To love me any more!

—Jane Burr.

What He Took.

Lawyer (to witness at a blind pig
trial):—"Did you take cognizance of
the man who sold him the liquor?"
Witness—"I took the same as the
rest."

One Chance.

The Girl—"My father died and
left me little or nothing. What shall
I do?"

The Friend—"You might wear it
in a musical comedy."

Maid—I hear that they now have
a woman's dictionary. I wonder if
it differs much from others.

The Brute—"It probably has more
words in it.—Cartoons Magazine.

Land For Sale.

30 2-5 acres in bottom, 1 mile from
Hartford on Hartford and Goshen
road. As I have left the county will
sell for what I paid for it, \$22.50 per
acre. At the price of corn, one crop
ought to pay for this land.

J. D. BAUGH,
116 East Main St.,
Louisville, Ky.

Call on The Republican for Fine
Job Printing.